

Devoted to Politics, Agriculture, The Sciences, Mechanic Arts, Literature, Miscellaneous Reading, General Intelligence and Commercial Summaries.

VOLUME 3.

CHARLESTOWN, JEFFERSON COUNTY, VIRGINIA, FRIDAY MORNING, APRIL 30, 1847.

NUMBER 42.

#### SPIRIT OF JEFFERSON. PUBLISHED WEEKLY, BY JAMES W. BELLER,

(OFFICE ON MAIN STREET, A PEW DOORS ABOVE THE VALLEY BANK,) At \$2 00 in advance—\$2 50 if paid willin the year—or \$3 00 if not paid until after the expiration of the year.

TO No paper discontinued, except at the option of the publisher, until arrearages are paid. Subscriptions for less than a year, must in all cases be paid in advance. 20 Distant subscriptions and advertisements must be paid in advance, or responsible persons lilving in the county guaranty the settlement of the same.

27 ADVERTISEMENTS will be inserted at the rate of \$1.00 per square for the first three insertions, and 25 cents for each continuance. Those not marked on the manushript for a specified time, will be inserted until forbid, and CHARGED ACCORDINGLY. A liberal discount made to those who advertise by the year.

## JEFFERSON BOOT AND SHOE FACTORY.



THE subscriber, (grateful for past favors, and hoping to merit future support,) informs his patrons and the public generally, that he has recently received A LARGE AND CAREFULLY SELECTED STOCK OF GOODS belonging to his department. He would call attention par-ticularly to his assortment of

Morocco and Calf Boots, Kip and Coarse, do. Men's Morocco, Calf and Cordovan Shoes, Clay, Jefferson and Monroe, Gaiters, Slippers, &c. &c., Boys' Boots and Shoes; Morocco, Kip and Leather Shoes; Ladies' Morocco, Kip, Leather and Lasting

walking Shoes; Do do Slippers, Point Isabel, do. Point Isabel, do. Misses' Boots, Buckskin and walking Shoes, Slippers and aucle ties, great variety; Children's Boots, Buckskin, Polka, Walking, ancle and strap Shoes of all colors and prices,

Servants Boots and Shoes, extra quality, very large assortment.

Lasts of the latest style for Ladies and Gentlemen, together with an extensive supply of materials of the best quality, which he pledges himself

to have made up to order in the most durable and tasteful style. All orders shall be executed with despatch, and warranted to give satisfaction, as he has in his shop, the best workmen in every branch of his busine JAMES McDANIEL, Agent.

Charlestown, April 16, 1847.

# W. T. DAUGHERTY, ATTORNET AT LAW, Charlestown, Jefferson County, Virginia,

OFFERS his professional services to the public generally.

He will practise in Jefferson and the neighboring Counties.

April 16, 1847.

# TO BRIDGE BUILDERS.

Also, the subscriber wishes to enter into contract with individuals for the purpose of making a Railroad from Little's Falls on the Shenandoah River to the Potomac River at or near the Old Furnace on said river. Also to clear the Shenan-doah River from Little's Falls to Port Republic,

in Rockingham county.

JAMES CASTLEMAN.

Snickers's Ferry, Clarke Co., Va., April 16, 1847—3t.

# WANTED.

THE Advertiser wishes to purchase for immediate use, a Work Horse, and one that can be bought low. Enquire of April 16, 1847—3t. THE PRINTER. NOTICE.

THE Stockholders of the Harpers-Ferry and Shenandoah Manufacturing Co., are hereby informed that the annual meeting, for the election of 10 Directors and a President for the ensuing year, will take place on the first Monday of May next, at their office on the Island of Virginius, at Harpers-Ferry. Those who cannot attend in person, will send their proxies.

Those who have not paid up their instalments

will please do so forthwith, or their stock will be advertised and sold according to the 8th article of the " Act of Incorporation."

Those wishing to take more stock will be enabled to do so, at the meeting, as there is a small amount yet to be taken, before the Books are closed.

JAMES GIDDINGS, Pres't. Harpers-Ferry, April 16, 1847.

# TAKE NOTICE.

IN July last, the subscriber had about 27,000 feet of Plank, which he left in the care of Messrs. Short & Shaeffer and Mr. P. Driskell, above Dam No. 4, on the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, which was washed away by the high water at that time. There was five squares (10,000 feet) of this Plank strongly tied together in a raft, which was seen go over the Dam without breaking apart. I will give a reward of \$10 to any person who may have caught this raft and will give it up to me, or \$2 per square for any of the squares.

Any information relating to this lumber will be thankfully received and liberally rewarded. SQUIRE BELL.

Near Snickersville, Loudoun Co., Va., April 16, 1847—3t.

# THE SPRING FASHIONS.

MISS KERCHIVAL, respectfully informs the Ladies of Charlestown and vicinity, that she has just returned from Baltimore, with the

Spring and Summer Fashions, and is now amply prepared to execute in the best and most fashionable style, any article belonging to the Millinery or Mantua-Making Business.

Thankful for the patronage heretofore extended to her, she hopes to receive a continuance of the same, and promises on her part to use her best exertions to render satisfaction.

April 16, 1847.

# MILLER WANTED.

THE subscriber wishes to employ a Miller of tried capacity. A young manthat can come well recommended for sobriety and industry, will find a good situation. JOHN W. McCURDY.

Bullskin Mills, Near Kabletown,

April 16, 1847—3t.

Spring Goods. WE are now receiving our Spring Goods.

April 16. KEYES & KEARSLEY.

# General Intelligence.

# Arrival of the Steam-ship Cambria.

15 DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

Important Commercial News-Great decline in Breadstuffs-The Markets again Improving-Advance in the Cotton Market-The Weather and the Crops.
We are indebted to the expresses of Messrs.

Adams & Co., and Messrs. Miller & Co., for Philadelphia papers in advance of the mail, con-taining intelligence from Liverpool to the 4th inst., received by the arrival of the steamer Cambria at

Soston, on Tuesday afternoon.

The news in a commercial point of view is very important. The decline in breadstuffs is in-

deed astonishing.

The corn markets were receding—that of Indian corn for instance, the fall in price has been very great—declining about 24s. The rise in this kind of breadstuffs was as surprising as the decline has been astonishing, and in the judgment of many persons, the fall exceeded the necessity of it, and was altogether unwaranted.

There has been a considerable decline in flour, as well as Indian corn, and the tendency to a farther decline in the market can hardly fail to be increased by the fine Spring weather now pre-vailing, which foreshadows an early and abundant harvest.

There have been very great changes in the Liverpool corn market, since the sailing of the steamer Hibernia. Large imports of all descrip-tions of breadstuffs to all parts of the kingdom, have had the effect of putting down prices of al kinds of grain and flour.

The variations of the market during the month, amount to 1s. per 70 lbs. on wheat; 6d per 45 lbs. on oats; 6d. per 60 lbs. on barley; 4s. per qr. on rye; peas and beans 6s. per bbl., and 8s. per sack on flour; 2s. per load on oat meal; 24s. to 25s. per qr. of 480 lbs., and 10s. per bbl. on Indian corn and meal.

Within a few days past, a reaction has been experienced, and an advance realized on peas of 2s. per qr.; on barley, 2s. per sack; on Indian corn, 5s. per 480 lbs.; on Indian meal, 2s. per bbl.; and the trade generally has experienced more firmness, with some heavy transactions in flour, at 37s. to 38s. per bbl. for western canal; for Philadelphia and Baltimore, 36s. to 36s. 6d.; New Orleans 34s. to 35s. per bbl. on the spot, with the usual allowance.

American wheat rates from 10s. to 10s. 9d., for Southern, up to 11s. 5d. to 11s. 6d. per 70 lbs. for Northern white; rye 48s. to 50s. per qr.; barley 6s. 9d. to 7s. per 60 lbs. Beans, American white, 70s. to 80s., and black eyed peas 60s. to 70s. per imperial quarter.

The trade on the 3d inst., was again rather firmer. There were buyers of wheat at full prices, and flour supported the improvement. Indian corn was in request at 52s. per qr. of 480 lbs, for

Northern yellow, and meal at 25s. per barrel.

In the Liverpool Cotton market for the week ending, March 26th, there was quite a turn. stead of the gloom and depression which had existed since the commencement of the year, there had been an active and stirring business, both to

the trade, and on speculation.

Exporters were active purchasers for some of the better qualities N. Orleans.

In such a market, and after so long a depression, it became certain that an increase in demand A NY person who will contract to build a Bridge would cause improved prices. Accordingly American descriptions of all qualities have advanced 1-4d. per lb., and the greater bulk of the ordinary

inds 3-8d. CANADIANS -The Canadians are crossing the lake and enlisting in the companies now recruit-ing at Rochester for Mexico.

A letter in the New Orleans Picayune, dated

Vera Cruz, April 1, says—
Among others who have arrived here within the week are two or three gentlemen from Mazatlan. They say that both Upper and Lower Culifornia are in peaceable possession of the Americans .-They say nothing of the arrival of Gen. Kearny in Califarnio; but he might have reached Monterey, on the Pacific, without their knowing it .-They speak of a boat belonging to one of our men of war having been upset, and that all on board

LETTER FROM GEN. TAYLOR .- The Presiden Declined .- The New Orleans Picayume contains a letter from Gen. Taylor, addressed to Gen. Butler, of Louisiana, from which we make the following important extract:
"I may observe that I have been also named as

a candidate for that high office (the Presidency) by a few newspaper editors and others, which has been done without my KNOWLEDGE, WISHES or CONSENT. This I assured all who have written me on this subject—assuring them that I had no aspirations for that or any other civil office; that my whole energies, mental and physical, were and had been absorbed in such a way as I thought best calculated to bring this war to a dy and honorable close, believing it was for the interests of both countries; that for our own country, the sooner this was done the better; and that at any rate President-making should be lost sight of until this was accomplished!"

GRAND LODGE I. O. O. F. VIRGINIA. The Grand Lodge of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows for the State of Virginia, assembled n Richmond, on Monday the 12th instant, J. Har-

ison Kelly, M. W. Grand Master, presiding. The session was an interesting one, there being nuch business of a general character disposed of. Seventeen Charters for new Lodges were granted.

A resolution was adopted in favor of the restoration of the three months' tenure of office in Subordinate Lodges.

The following are the officers elected and appointed by the Grand Lodge for any year.

pointed by the Grand Lodge for one year:

Grand Master—Dr. E. C. Robinson of Norfolk.

Deputy Grand Master—Maj. I. Robinson of

Grand Warden—George R. Head, of Leesburg.

Hedgesville, Berkeley county.

Grand Secretary—David H. Reed of Richmond.

Grand Treasurer—James Brannan of Richmond.

Grand Chaplain-Rev. John L. Pascoe of Alexandria.

Grand Conductor—Col. William F. Philips of

Grand Guardian-Alexander Grant of Rich-

The following gentlemen were elected Repre-sentatives to the R. W. Graud Lodge of the Uni-Representative No. 1—P. M. W. Grand Master J. Harrison Kelley of Charlestown.

Representative No. 2—Past Grand Edward S. Hough of Alexandria.—Free Press.

A. T. Stewart & Co. have purchased the entire fronton Breadway, between Chambers and Reade streets, and will extend their already unrivalled establishment over the whole ground. There will

establishment over the whole ground. There will be a handsome front on Chambers street, as well as on Broadway; and though the present building is unrivalled in its way, the new addition will make a still greater ornament to the city.

[New York Gazette,

## MILITARY CONTRIBUTIONS.

in this denial, we took occasion, some days since, to say so.

The National Intelligencer, of yesterday, reverts to the subject. "While one sees," remarks that journal, " with deep mortification, the hot haste with which mere party men, following the lead of the Government, rush to the support of every Executive usurpation; and while one sees also, with regret and pain, that some other men, not devoted to the Administration, in their natural exultation at the success of our arms, do not pause to consider whether the institutions of the country and the public liberty have not fallen into reckless hands, it is yet consoling to find that there are men of all parties wise and patriotic enough to prefer the Constitution of their country to the triumphs of Party, or the triumphs of War."

The right to levy military contributions on an enemy's country, held by adverse possession, is a right of war not disputed. This right belongs to the General in command of the occupying army. What more is essential to the point in question? Is there to be a controversy about the form and manner in which the contributions are levied?

The President, as Commander-in-Chief of the Army and Navy, has imposed a system of exactions upon the commerce of the Mexican ports.— If Gen. TAYLOR should lay the whole country from the Sierre Madre to the Rio Grande under contri-bution for the subsistence of his army, the exac-tion would be far more severe; yet his right to do it cannot be questioned. Are we to discriminate between a contribution for the support of an army, or the support of a war, levied on the agriculture of a country, and a contribution of a similar amount levied on the commerce of a country? If there be any difference in point of principle the military ight would be stronger in favour of the latterand for the reason that the exaction upon agriculture would be a seizure of private property while the other would be a confiscation of the revenues of the hostile Government. Instead of distressing the Mexican Farmer the Genius of civilized War, which strikes not at individuals, would find a more congenial function in cutting off the supplies of Mexican Treasury-thus paralyzing the arm of

the adversary by severing its sinews.

Does the President's system of duties for the ports of Mexico look too much like a Tariff bill, uggesting by the resemblance ideas of legislation blended with the powers of Congress and repug-nant to the constitutional nature of the Executive Then it is the form after all which

calls forth objections.

One of Gen. Scorr's first acts after taking possession of Vera Cruz was to establish a scale of duties for that port—subject to the future direc-tion of his government. The Gen. did not dream that he was exercising an unlawful power. In truth what else could he do? He must allow the Mexican system of imports to remain: or be must abolish all duties and throw the port open; or he must fix a system of his own, adapted in his judg-ment to circumstances of the case—as he did. In the first place if he had allowed the Mexican system to remain, to whom would the duties be made payable? What would have been done with the have been quite as great as that by which he fixed a new system of duties. He did what was obviously required, in our humble judgment, by the est dictates of reason, propriety and the

rights of war. Now the President has merely done for all the captured ports of Mexico what Gen. Scorr did for Vera Cruz. As commander-in-chief of all our forces upon Mexican soil he has made a genera rule, while Scott commanding in a particular place, has made a special regulation. Further as Gen. Scorr devised and enforced his system of exactions at Vera Cruz, subject to the approval of his Government at home, so, in like manner, the President has devised and enforced his system of exactions on the whole coast of Mexico, subject to

the approprial of Congress at its coming session.

Here we find a sufficient sedative for all the fears and doubts and misgivings which the sensitive might indulge in their terror of Executive usurpation, or in their concern, lest the institutions of the country and public liberty might be falling into reckless hands. For our own part we con-sider the liberties of the Republic to be of rather too stalwart a growth to be easily endangered either by accident or design, and are the less apprehensive on this point from the belief that when the nation shall permit them to be lost they wil not be worth retaining.

THE U. S. PATENT OFFICE.—It appears that during the year ending December 31, 1846, the whole number of applications for patents received, was twelve hundred and seventy-two. The whole number of caveats filled during the same time was four hundred and forty-eight. The number of pattents issued in 1846 was six hundred and nineteen including thirteen reissues, five additional improve-

ments, and fifty-nine designs.

During the same period, four hundred and sev enty-three patents expired. Thus far the office has more than sustained itself and fully realized the anticipations of Congress

when it was reorganized upon its present footing; and if a conclusion may be drawn from the activity of the inventive genius of our countrymen, as ex the treasury.

How to take the City of Mexico.—A writer from Washington, in the N. Y. Herald, suggests a mode of drowning out, instead of starving out, the city of Mexico. He says: In the rainy season, the city, from its flat location, is overflown; and in former times it was subject, during the months of July and August, to inundations from the surrounding lakes. Of late years this has been prevented by a large canal, which serves to drain off the surplus waters. Therefore, by a dam across said canal, and the opening of other nassages, the city may be submerged. This may dam across said canal, and the opening of other passages, the city may be submerged. This may be an important element to General Scott, should he continue his march upon the city. He may submerge it into a surrender, instead of destroying the place by bomb shells. He may be able to drown them into a capitulation, instead of shelling them to terms. The only difficulty would be the occupation of the city after it should be thus reduced.

Envelops should not be used for letters acknow-ledging the receipt of money. In those instances the whole sheet of paper should be used, as the post-mark must be on it to constitute a legal proof of payment. Horses in Illinois.—A St. Louis editor hears sad accounts of the mortality among horses in Illinois. A species of fly similar to the Buffalo gnat, is killing off horses fast.

Major W. W. S. Bliss .- This officer, whose From the Baltimore American (Whig.)

The authority of the President, under the Constitution, to lay and collect duties in the ports of Mexico, occupied by our troops, has been denied by some prominent Whig journals. Not joining in this denial, we took occasion, some days since, professor of make the constitution. In 1834, during the Indian troubles, he was ordered to Fort Mitchell, Ala., but shortly after he returned to West Point, where he remained until 1840, discharging the duties of assistant for this denial, we took occasion, some days since, and he graduated at the impossibility of St. Peter's at Rome being ever the comparitive capacity of the most celebrated churches in Europe:

Alor W. W. S. Bliss.—This officer, whose of December 26, in an article compiled to show the impossibility of St. Peter's at Rome being ever the converse of with the impossibility of St. Peter's at Rome being ever the converse of whose of December 26, in an article compiled to show the impossibility of St. Peter's at Rome being ever to the comparitive capacity of the most celebrated churches in Europe:

St. Peter's

Major W. W. S. Bliss.—This officer, whose of December 26, in an article compiled to show the impossibility of St. Peter's at Rome being ever to the comparitive capacity of the most celebrated churches in Europe:

St. Peter's

Major W. W. S. Bliss.—This officer, whose of December 26, in an article compiled to show the impossibility of St. Peter's at Rome being ever to the impossibility of St. Peter's at Rome being ever to the impossibility of St. Peter's at Rome being ever to the comparitive capacity of the most celebrated churches in Europe:

St. Peter's

Major W. W. S. Bliss.—This officer, whose of December 26, in an article compiled to show the impossibility of St. Peter's at Rome being ever to the impossibility of St. Peter's at Rome being ever to the impossibility of St. Peter's at Rome being ever to the impossibility of St. Peter's at Rome being ever to the impossibility of St. Peter's at Rome being ever to the im professor of mathematics, for which he was emi-nently qualified. Having been appointed in 1839 assistant adjutant general, he was attached to the staff of Gen. Taylor, then stationed upon the Ar-kansas frontier. In that capacity, he has since acted, rendering the most laborious and important services and enjoying the unreserved confidence of the General. His gallantry in all the late battles in Mexico has especially signalized his name, and entitled him to the gratitude of his country. But although he has been thus highly distinguished in action, Major Bliss is chiefly regarded in the army on account of his literary attainments, being one of the best writers of the day, and a finished German, French and Spanish scholar. Thus gifted and in the prime of life, he is in all probability des-tined for yet brighter honors. He who was but a poor orphan boy when he entered the military academy, and who is now, if we mistake not, without a single relative in the world, may become one of the most honored of our countrymen.

Louisville Journal. Singular Occurrence.—Under the obituary head in to-day's paper will be found the death of Mr. Jacob Reese. There are circumstances conaround, and seeing no one, continued his work of seeding, attributing it, as he afterwards stated, to

At every step, however, the warning was re-peated, and at last unable longer to bear it, he proceeded home to his wife. He was persuaded by her that it was only his imagination, and finding that he had no fever, and did not complain of unusual indisposition, she induced him to return to the field. There, however, the same solemn, warning voice attended him at every step—"you may sow but you shall not reap!" And in a state of extreme agitation, he again ceased work and went home. He there took an early supper, was shortly after attacked with swelling in the throat, and before sunrise next morning was a corpse. [Centreville, Queen Anne's Co., Md. Times.

The Chestertown, Kent County, Md., News of

Saturday says:

Wheat, the early seeding, and Mediterranean, on fallow lands, generally presents a healthy and good appearance, having sufficient growth—but the corn ground seeding in most cases, is un-Saturday says: promising, but a good rain and a warm sunshine

would materially improve the latter wheat.

Most of the Farmers in our county are engaged n planting corn and some few have finished. weather has been fine for planting, but too cold to allow corn to vegetate, and the spring is rather

DEATH FROM OXIDE IN A SODA-PIPE.—An estimable young man, named James McMillan, who has been for some time employed as an overseer in one of the departments of the Louisville Manumoney? It can hardly be supposed that General facturing Company, died on Wednesday night Scorr would have been warranted in allowing the last, under the following distressing circumstanduties to be paid to Mexican collectors, for the benefit of the Mexican Treasury. If he had thrown the port open the exercise of power would was seized with vomiting, which continued with great severity, and with scarcely an intermission, up to the time of his death. It has been ascertained that the soda fount had not been used since the last season, and the glass he drank was the first one drawn from it this season. It was supposed that the poison from the verdigris was inhaled in the water he drank, and produced the tragical result. Too much care cannot be taken to have soda founts properly cleansed before used.

MORE AID AND COMFORT .- Col. J Aug Smith. whose name has been before voters of the Kanwha District, for some time past, as the Whig candidate for Congress, has formally withdrawn from the canvass, and renounced the Whig party. He gives as a reason for leaving the Whigs the anti-American course pursued by that party in regard to the Mexican War. If we do not mistake the signs of the times, the Whig party will find a great many more of their honest followers deserting a party who hesitate not to advocate the cause of a foreign and barbarous enemy, at the expense of their own country .- Rock. Register.

GEN. TAYLOR .- The New Orleans Picayune, n noticing the nomination of General Taylor for

the Presidency, says:
This appropriation of Gen. Taylor's name for party purposes we know is without the sanction of that distinguished commander and contrary to his wishes. It is not only against his wishes but is repuguant to the feeling and views of his peculiar friends; and in this catagory we include the immediate family of Gen. Taylor and such of his ociates as best know his purposes.

sugar is for sale in New York, which is well calculated to deceive purchasers. It presents the appearance and possesses the pe-culiar touch of brown sugar, but it is in fact, little but common salt. The process by which it is made is very simple. Take a quantity of common salt, mix with a sufficiency of mollasses to give it the proper color. Mix it thoroughly, and a counterfeit of sugar will be produced which nothing can detect excepting the sense of taste. We un-derstand that this is the invention of a young man, hibited in past years, we may rely confidently in the belief that this useful and noble institution of the belief that this useful and noble institution of the belief that the belief the belief that the belief th the belief that this useful and noble institution of It is fully equal to the wooden Nutmegs and hams the government will never become a charge upon of our Yankee brethren.

> SHOCKING AFFAIR .--- Mrs. Martha Stevens, (wife of Mr. Albert Stevens, of Windham, Me., who had been confined about a week before,) on Thursday night, while lying in bed with her sister, who took care of her, asked her for a handkerchiel, which the sister handed to her. This was about 10 o'clock. At 12 her sister again awoke, and found a piece of the handkerchidf about the infant's neck, and another around that of her sick sister. They were both strangled to death !— This was the only child—they having been married but about a year, and were in good circumstances. Mrs. S. was 25 years old.
>
> [Portland Argus.

on the Bank of Virginia, payable at the Branch at Lynchburg, are in circulation in this city. We saw one yesterday, dated May 4th, 1844; which had been passed upon a gentleman. The imitation is very good. Look out for them. [Baltimore Clipper.

Counterfeits.—Counterfeit ten dollar notes

37,000 9,250 32.000 8.000

CURIOUS STATISTICS .- The Roman Advertiser,

St. Paul's at Rome St. Paul's at London 25,000 6,400 24,400 6,100 St. Petronio at Bologna 6,075 6,000 Florence Cathedral 24,300 Antwerp Cathedral 24,000
St. Sophia's Constantinople 23,000
St. John, Lateran 22,000
Notre Dame, at Paris 21,000 5,750 5,725 5,250 Pira Cathedral 3,250 13,000 St. Stephens, at Vienna 12,400 St. Dominic's, at Bologna 12,000 3,100 3,000 St. Peter's, at Bologna 2,740 1,750 Cathedral of Siena 11,000 St. Mark's, Venice 7,000

The Piazza of St. Peter's it is added, in its widest limits, allowing 12 (persons) to the quadrate metre (square yard,) holds 624,000; allowing four to the same, drawn up in military array, 208,000. In its narrow limits, not comprising the porticos or the Piazza Rusticucel, 474,000 crowded, and 138,000 in military array.

LARGE ARRIVAL OF IMMIGRANTS .- There arrived at the port of Boston on Saturday last, as we learn from the Eagle, the following ships with nected with his decease which, whether you term then the effects of a disordered imagination, or view them as actual presentiments, present some very singular points for the mind to dwell upon. We will state the facts as they were related to us; our readers can draw their own inferences. On 300; T. W. Sears, 130; Euphrasia, 185; the day of his death Mr. Pages was approach in the lagic, the following ships with immigrants:—Washington Irving, bringing 347; homantum, 278; ship Cario, 180; John Cumings, 240; from British Provinces, by packets, 150—total, arrived in one day, 1195. During the last two weeks arrived as follows:—Ship Anglo Saxour readers can draw their own inferences. On 300; T. W. Sears, 130; Euphrasia, 185; the day of his death Mr. Reese was engaged in St'er Portland via English Provinces, 280; Proseeding oats, and towards evening he was startled by a voice, apparently at his elbow, saying—"You may sow, but you shall not reap!" He looked two weeks.

A VALUABLE RECIPE IN A FEW WORDS .-Every dairy should have a vessel of lime-wate setting in it, say half gallon of lime to ten or twelve gallons of water, simply to rinse everything in. The vessel can be filled up as often as you please. It will be sure to remove all accidity or bad odor. Let dairy women remember this.

WIND SHIP .- The Independence (Mo.) Ex-

Mr. Thomas , the gentleman who has been engaged for some time past, in building a wagon to go by wind and sail, as a ship, has, we understand, nearly completed his undertaking, and will make a trip some hundred or two miles out, in a short lime. He has engaged the services of a regular sea captain. we are informed, who is a gentleman of much talent. He has dubbed it the "Wind Ship"-it carries one hondred square yards of

A PRISONER IN MEXICO.—Moses Y. Beach, Esq., the senior proprietor of the New York Sun, it is said, is a prisoner, at the city of Mexico, and on his parole. Gen. Scott or Rough and Ready must capture a Mexican editor, to exchange our cotemporary.

The New Yrok Tribune, a good whig paper, and in fact, the standard-bearer of the party, is perfectly furious against the war. He heard rumors that San Juan de Ulua was taken, and gave vent to the following:

"In an unrighteous war a victory is only a new

GEN. TAYLOR DECLINES .- A letter received construed into a censure of the course of those who were nominating him for Presidency. assured positively, that he will not permit his name to be used as a candidate for the Presidency in 1848 .- N. Y. Sun.

PAPER SHINGLES .- Mr. Charles Humphreys, f Camden, N. J., has a prepared paper to take the place of wooden shingles for roofs. After a year's est of this description of shingle upon a small nouse, it has been found to answer all the purposes of the common shingle at a reduced cost.

THE ROAD FROM VERA CRUZ TO MEXICO .-Gen. Waddy Thompson, in his excellent volume on Mexico, has given the best description of this road; a line of stages built in Troy, N. Y., and driven by New York "boys," leaves Vera Cruz every night, and drives for twenty miles along a good road on a beach; it then commences the ascent of the mountain, the road being for fifty miles an excellent one to Jalapa, 4000 feet above the level of the sea and seventy miles from Vera Cruz. For the seventy miles this road runs through the lands of Santa Anna, who owns 40 to 50,000 head of cattle that graze upon it.

ANOTHER CALL FROM IRELAND .- Letter from Maria Edgeworth.—A letter from Maria Edgeworth, the well known writer, has been received in this country, and is published in some of the papers. It is addressed to the ladies of America, and is written for the purpose of showing that the representations of Irish distress are true pictures.

"Famine, disease, deaths innuumerable, are in all parts of this kingdom—putrefaction and posti-lence in some—and if the people are not immedi-ately relieved by supplies of food, and enabled by supplies of seed to sow the land, the famine, disease, deaths and pestilence must be still more dreadful next year. Food-actual food-is wanted: but seed is more wanted-most wanted-oats and barley. Supply might come from America of barley in time for sowing; Indian corn for food may be had for money—money will relieve all our wants for the present; but without seed our future

Man Salar, Missionles and Porses. toroger of all kinds. Section Board, Elipper Paties the seign the cte. to 85, from office a great variety of your the managements to inculations. Man And the North Assessment STORMS OF CHARLE

CUMBERLAND Ac town of Cumberland is improving rapidly. At present there are 25 new brick buildings in the course of erection there.

Physic.—No less than 387 M. D.'s have been made by the four medical schools in Philadelphia this season, of whom 163 graduated at the Uni-

NEW YORK POST-OFFICE.—It is estimated that over 35,000 letters, and about 200,000 newspapers, pass daily through the Post-Office in New York. By Gough recently defined moustaches to be the upper lip in mourning for the loss of the

breathe it,

For this heart yet beats and lingers there, so loth indeed to leave it.

Tis but a word, a simple word; yet to it memory files.

And wanders back amid those scenes this little word im-

Form in thy mind a palace, in a land both wide and free; Forgive me if I should call it such—think what a home should be; Within its walls affection reigned, with harmony did

HOME.

BY W. WEST RANDALL.

"Tis but a sound, a simple sound. O! stranger, softly

blend; Without, the old grey ivy hung, as if loth to leave a friend. There beauty lived unguarded, there friendship reigned

supreme,
And the very sun of heaven seemed to shed its brightest
beam. On its old, yet bright green forests, it was a charm-to look.

In vain I've searched for sweeter music than murmured by its brook.

Oh! I have searched in other lands, another home to find
Yet I have looked in vain-for friends more gentle, true
and kind!
Seck it, yet seek it—whate er its petty trials be,
Know that thou art happier when it is nearest thee.

Yet I must bid farewell to it-on the wide world am I

cast;
Still in my dreams I see it, a bright vision of the past!
O, linger ere you leave it, in unknown lands to roam,
Pause ere you cross its threshold—for this little spot is
Home.

# Miscellancous.

ROGUERY AND ROMANCE.—At Boston, on Tuesday, two desperadoes named Lott Budy and Thomas Mooney were convicted of the crime of Thomas Mooney were convicted of the crime of robbing a gentleman of his watch and \$1200, in February last. The day after the robbery both prisoners were "flush." Budy fled to New Hampshire and Mooney to New York. Upon his arrest in New Hampshire, Budy threw uway some papers which he had about him; but they were found soon after, and among them was the following letter from a ladge. following letter from a lady:

Boston, March 2d, 1847. Dearest-Write me as soon as you receive his, as I dare not write till I hear from you. Thy fate may be darkness—I ask but to share The sting of each sorrow—the cloud of each care; Thy brow may be sad, but the shade there will be More dear than the smile of another to me.

They bid me fly from thee—they say that thy love is like the false fetters they throw round the dove; But the chain thou hast linked is more precious to me Than liberty, if it divides me from thee.

However rough thy path, that path I can bear,
A cell it were brightness, if thou too wert there.
Like oil to the lamp is thy love to my heart:
It is life to be near thee, and death if we part.
Ever thine You will know who this is from when I tell you that

Charles F\*\*\*\* sends his best respects.
Write soon. The Boston Post adds-Budy is now in the cell," so ominously alluded to in the third stanzas; but the lady has not been allowed to share its" brightness" with him.

THE DAUGHTER.-Numerous instances might be related of daughters who have excelled in affection, in kindness, in obedience, and in piety; but the reader no doubt can call to mind many cases of this kind; fresh in his own recollection, which

leaves it unnecessary for us to mention them. Every daughter should be affectionate and kind, for without these traits of loveliness, wo-man, in any situation, would be unworthy of her name, for they adorn and grace her far more than can beauty of form or features; and far more disgrace, and that though our troops have taken lasting, for outward beauty may soon fade away; San Juan de Ullus, they have not yet beaten the but the beauties of the mind and heart remain while life lasts-and every pain or sorrow, di appointment or misfortune, only calls them the from Gen. Taylor speaks in terms which may be into exercise. No accomplishment can be compared to them, and that mother who neglects the cultivation of her daughter's affections, is unworthy the place she occupies in society, and may yet live to mourn over her fatal mistake.

A daughter should be obedient to her parents, and above all to her mother, for nothing is calculated to injure her in the estimation of others so much as disobedience; her advice and consent should always be obtained before any thing of importance is done, and the child who ceases to obey her mother, or disregard her counsel, will

have reason to mourn over her folly, and shed many tears in secret and in sorrow.

Piety, though last named, is of the greatest importance; for while there are duties to be per-formed to those with whom we associate in life, there are also others which we owe to our Creator, and which should never be neglected nordeferred; the performance of which will prepare you to act aright under every change; and enaflesh is heir to, as well as cheer and comfort the heart, while "passing through the valley and shadow of death."

Beginnings.—I have seen the little pearls of a spring sweat through the bottoms of a bank, and penetrate the stubborn pavement, till it has made it fit for the impression of a child's foot; and it was dispersed, like descending dews of a misty morning, till it had opened its way, and made a stream large enough to carry away the ruins of the undermined strand, and to invade the neighboring garden; but then the despised drops were grown into an artificial river, and an intolerable mischiel. So are the first entrances of sin stopped with the autidotes of a hearty prayer, and check-ed into sobriety by the eyes of a reverend man, or the counsel of a single sermon; but when such beginnings are neglected, and our religion has not in it so much philosophy, as to think anything evil so long as we can endure it, they grow up to ulcers and pestilential evils; they destroy the soul by their abode, which at their first entry might have been killed by the pressure of a little finger .- Jeremy Taylor.

DESFONDENCY.—Shall we yield—we who have stood out against the foes of God and man?— Never. So long as our arm moves in its socket, and one drop of warm blood issues from the heart, we do not despond. We have but one life and that shall not be made wretched by sorrow and that shall not be made wretched by sorrow and despair. Our great Creator gave us an existence for action, and to be happy forever—and happy we are determined to be, despite the powers of malice, hate and despondency; not a moment shall be embittered, while the spirit of a than animates our body. The world and all it contains—its honors—its wealth—its pleasure—were made for us to possess and enjoy; and ourse were made for us to possess and enjoy; and ours they shall be, while we live.

FRIENDSHIP .- Do not believe, because a man FRIENDSHIP.—Do not believe, because a man smiles upon and seeks your society, that he is your friend. Smiles and professions, alas! are so abundant as to be of no value. He only is your friend whose heart is in his words, and whose actions illustrate them; who stands by you through all the vicissitudes of fortune, "in suneline and shade." When you find such a being, make him your second self; cling to him as to your very life, for the jewels of the earth are scarce, and therefore, precious; for the sand of life but glitters in the radiance of a high enjoyment, and even the golden bowl is broken at the fountain. fountain.

To be happy, be honest, upright. generous.



CHEARLESTOWN:

Friday Morning, April 30, 1847.

JEFFERSON COUNTY.

None can be more mortified, than we, at the result of the recent election in this county. The causes which have conspired together to produce this state of things, are too numerous to be recapitulated, and it would now be productive of no good, were we disposed to speak of them. Suffice it to say, that we know and believe the Democracy of Jefferson have determined to do better for the future. In this contest, division and dissension has prevailed in their councils-apathy and inditference, from the fact of not properly estimating the importance of vigorous action, has prevailed throughout their ranks-and the consequence, alike mortifying to all, who are Democrats in profession and principle, we have been beaten, most sadly beaten. The Whigs may rejoice at our defeat-but we venture to say, that they have now obtained all they can expect to accomplish from our divisions. Men who have heretofore acted upon the mere predilections or prejudices of personal feeling, will, and are so determined, to get back to the old land marks of the party. und sacrifice every other feeling upon the altar of their country's good. They see that no other course will accomplish the purpose which we all have at heart. The common enemy of our principles are united, active and persevering. To compete successfully with them, we must pursue the same course, use the same exertions, and make any and all sacrifices to insure the success of our principles. When we do this, then may we hope for victory to crown our efforts, even in Jefferson wedded as she is to the heresies of the Whig party

THE 10TH DISTRICT. We have been unable as yet to obtain the official vote in this District. Sufficient is known, however, to insure the election of Mr. BEDINGER by a majority varying from 280 to 320. This, under the circumstances, is a result alike gratifying to the Democracy, as it is complimentary to Mr. Bedinger. Our majority at the Presidential election was double the present, but no one anticipated that, from our own divisions, the apathy of others, and the too sanguine hopes of many, that the Democratic vote could be brought out in its full strength. But save and except Jefferson, (for whom we claim none of the honor of Mr. Bedinger's election,) every other county in the District has done nobly. They have given very nearly their full Democratic majorities, and most effectually sealed the hopes of the Whigs for over after in this Congressional District. The Whig party have been active and untiring. They have made available every vote that could be obtained. In Hampshire, we are informed, that there was about 150 of the" McDonald serfs" suffered to votethereby polluting the purity of the ballot box, and bringing disgrace upon themselves in the eyes of all honorable men. In Warren, the Whigs were not content to leave the question with the people of this District, but imported from an adjacent one, near forty votes. The same was the case in Clarke, as we are informed that from 20 to 25 citizens of Fauquier, voted at the different places in that county. Clarke, Warren and Hampshire, however, have stood firm against the combined efforts of all, without and within. With their sister counties of Frederick, Morgan and Berkeley, they have come out of the conflict like gold double refined. Good old Page, too, our best hope in the day of adversity, has done all, yen more, we doubt not, than could have been asked. Her Democracy, like her mountains, stand firm and

Gibaralter of the 10th District. THE PRESIDENTIAL MOVE.

immoveable, and the puny efforts which have been

made by the Whig party- to sow dissension and

discord, has been laughed to scorn. Neither

calumny and detraction on the one hand, or flattery

and caresses on the other, can avail ought, in this

The friends of Mr. Webster seem determined to resist the Taylor movement of their Whig associates. They have such a holy horror of this "iniquitous" war, that they are indisposed to reward its hero. Gen. Taylor does not suit their views, because they very justly infer that he is fully impressed with the justice of the war .-These Boston Whigs are certainly consistent in their course. They believe that the war is "infamous and unholy," and, therefore, will not crown its great hero with honors. The Whigs of the other portions of the Union, however, profess to on joint ballot 22: be as strongly convinced of the injustice and atrocity of the war, yet they greedily seize the popularity of Gen. Taylor acquired in the war, and seek to pervert to their own party objects the reputation of the old hero and the glory of our arms, won by all parties and the common property of the whole nation.

The Boston Courier, Mr. Webster's organ,

"Now we are simple enough to think that the fitness of a man for that high office [the Presidency] should be made manifest before the people should be called on to support him. We have said, and we repeat it, that those who have nominated Gen. Taylor, have not as yet described his quali-So far as our knowfications as a statesman. ledge extends, they have not pretended that he had any such qualifications. 'The truthis, they know nothing of him but his military character and achievements. Not one in a hundred thousand of those who will be called upon to vote for him. -who are even now called upon to approve the nomination,—ever heard of him till within a year.
For aught that the great body of the people know he may be a greater military tyrant than General Jackson was—a greater political knave than any one who ever held the reins of government - he may hold political doctrines subversive of the dearest rights and best interests of the people."

Gen. Taylor's letter to Col. Butler, shows that he has too much good sense and patriotism to ullow himself to be made a tool by "political bucksters." He is now actively employed in fighting his country's battles, with a view to an honorable termination of a just war, and sees too well the hievous embarrassment that would surround him at the head of the army, were he to suffer his name to be used as a football in the arena of party

A.T. The peach crop in the Western Shore counties of Md., is said to be entirely destroyed.

## VIRGINIA ELECTIONS.

The election for members of Congress, Delegates to the Legislature, and the annual proportion of State Senators, took place on Thursday 22d inst. The returns have come in very slowly, and in many cases, when given, they are very imperfect. Such as have come to hand we sub-join. With the result, we are not at all disap-pointed or disheartened. Our loss in the House of Delegates, where we had last year a majority of 22, is very small, and cannot possibly endanger its complexion. We have lost, possibly, three members of Congress-but it could have hardly been expected that, with the apathy which prevails in our ranks at this time, we could have swept the field as we did last year, leaving but one solitary Whig throughout the broad limits of the Commonwealth. The Whigs, always ready to crow in advance, may as well keep quiet, for good old Virginia, is now and ever, Democratic Berryville on Monday last, and Books of subscrip-

j	to the core.			-0.19		
	JEFFE	RS	ON COU	NTY.		
Contraction of the Contraction o	CONGRESS,	Charlestown	Shepherdstown	Smithfield	Harpers Ferry	TOTAL.
9	Bedinger, (Dem.)	124	57	60	104	345
1000	Kennedy, (Whig) ! House of Delegate	213	176	56	176	621
1	THOMSON, (W.)	141	166	104	163	674
1	McMurran, (W.)	173	207	. 59	130	568
I	BLACKBURN, (Ind.)		17	23	100	289
1	CHAMBERS, (Ind.)	48	17	24	142	231
	FREDE	RI	CK COU	NTY.		
	Wine	2	Russ	Pugh	Lauc	Тота

f	Congress.	ester	OM.	town	7.5	2107.0			
	Bedinger,	291	99	56	61	158	62	64	791
1	Kennedy,	477	97	47	18	51	36	24	750
	-	-Ho	USE C	F DE	LEG	ATES	Mary :		1
3.	Wood,	293	105	74	60	168	65	71	836
9	Hackney,	273	97	61	55	137	73	71	766
805	Wall,	513	97	53	22	51	48	30	814
C	Cather,	471	96	54	23	83	37	32	796
r.	Wood (I	em.)	and	Wal	1(W	hig)	elect	ed to	the
e	House of I					in in		CVI-	
١,	To be seen in	DED	WET	E'V'	COL	TNT	v		

CONGRESS.	Martinsburg	Gerrardstown	Hedgesville	Falling Waters	Back Creek	TOTAL.
Henry Bedinger,	172	68	91	26	32	389
Anth'y Kennedy, H. of Delegates	241	102	91	60	9	503
J. E. Stewart, (Ind.)	212	135	133	38	31	549
Thos. Brown, (W.)		85	93	54	9	511
Adam Small, (W.)	235	56	66	55	8	420
CLARI	KE (	COU	NTY			
CONGRESS. Berryvill	e. Mi	Ulicoo	d. Tr	issler	18. 7	l'otal
Bedinger (D.) 83		29		41		153

CONGRESS. Ber	ryville.	Millicood.	Trissler's.	Total.	
Bedinger (D.)	83	29	. 41	153	
Bedinger (D.) Kennedy, (W. H. of Del.	)75	54	13	141	
Jacobs, (D.)	80	28	43	.151	
	DisCultural NYME	IN COUN			
Marie State Carlos	Co	NGRESS.	BEET STATE	4 95 6	
Charles Hunton, Democrat,					
John S. Pendle		873			
H	OUSE O	F DELEGAT	TES.		
Harrison 69	; Wh	ite 567; Be	ard 458; 7	aylor	

425; Schooley 333; Francis 398; Leslie 306. Harrison, White, and Beard are elected. Against Free School Page County .- Maj. Thomas Buswell, Dem. ected to the Legislature. Morgan.—Elects Thompson, Democrat, and also gives Bedinger three majority. Shenandoah -- Two Democrats elected-Dowell leads Gray about 700.

Rockingham—Bare and Martz (Democrats) elected—McDowell leads Gray, for Congress about 800. Fauquier-Scott and Rector, Whigs elected (one Whig gain,) Pendleton beats Hunton for

Congress 33.

Alexandria and Fairfax—Edgar W. Snowden Whig, elected—Pendleton leads Hunton 239.

Richmond City—J. Mayo, (W) elected—J. M. Botts, leads Leake, some 600 in the City, and is elected in that district to Congress by some 3 or

400 majority.

Henrico-Lancaster (W) re-elected to the House of Delegates.

Petersburg—J. W. Syme (W) re-elected—Bolling leads Dromgoole 191 in Petersburg and in

Dinwiddie, about 40. Powhalan-Cocke (W) re-elected. Caroline-Moncure (Dem.) elected. Prince George—Rives (Dem.) elected.
Spottsylvania—Conway (Democrat) elected.
King George—Wallace (Whig) elected. Culpepper-Barbour (Democrat) elected Stafford-Moncure (Democrat) elected. Barbour (Democrat) elected.

Wythe-Walton (Democrat) elected, and the Democratic Candidate for Congress sweeping every thing before him,

LEGISLATURE.

As far as heard from, we have gained one Senator (Caroline District.) Accomack 2, Charlotte 1, Culpepper 1—5; and have lost Franklin 2, Din-widdie 1, Elizabeth City and Warwick 1, Fauquier 1, Gloucester 1, Greenbrier F, Louisa 1 and Buckingham 1-9. Last year Democratic maj.

CONGRESSIONAL CANDIDATES. We make up our returns of the Congressional

vote, from the Richmond papers received on yes-First District-The Whig has reported returns showing Atkinson, Democrat, to be elected to Con-

gress by a majority of 40 votes. Second District—General Dromgoole, Demo-crat, is conceded to be elected. The Enquirer says his majority is 18. Third District-Treadway, Democrat, is sup-

posed to be elected. Fourth District-Bocock, Democrat, is elected

Congress by a majority of 20 votes, Fifth Mistrate-Goggin, Whig, is elected by 127 majori The Original and the state of TA SUCTOBLE or opposition meson stock She was Bri

From the twelith, thirteenth fourteenth and fit received to form any opinion of the Congressional

As far as heard from, the following members are, in our opinion, elected to Congress from Vir-

Democrats-Messrs. Atkinson, Bedinger, Wm. G. Brown, Thomas H. Bayly, R. L. T. Bale, T. S. Bocock, G. C. Dromgoole and James McDow-

Whigs-Messrs Botts, Goggin and Pendleton

THE TENTH DISTRICT.

We have the vote from all the Counties in this District, except Page, which is reported, and the

ollowing is t	he result						
STORY HARVEST	BEDING	KENNEDY.					
efferson,	000	BARS.	2011		276	maj.	
rederick,	STATE OF THE PARTY	maj.			000	11.	
Berkeley,	000	41			114	**	
Clarke,		11			000	**	
Iampshire,	36			39 I	000	- 11	
lorgan,		**		引能	000		
Varren,	141				000	-11	Ĭ
Page,	471	**			000		
		*	450				
	704				390		
A	890		1905		2000		
	91H18354200	MEETING.	END ESTIN	10853	100	402045	

314 maj. for Bedinger.

HERRYVILLE TURNPIKE. By reference to another column, it will be seen that a Meeting of the Commissioners of the Berryville and Charlestown Turnpike, was held in tion for Stock ordered to be opened on the 1st day of May. The people of Clarke have exhibited a proper interest in this matter, and we have no doubt will do their whole duty. The people of Jefferson, at least a portion of them, are alike interested, and it is hoped and expected they will do all that their means will justify. To Charlestown and Harpers-Ferry, the advantages resulting from the completion of this road, must be so apparent. that it is scarce necessary to recapitulate them. Aud business men, of all professions, will surely not suffer the present opportunity to pass by, for increasing their trade-advancing their property -and in short, giving a new impulse to the business interest of the whole community. The shares of Stock are put at \$25; which will enable even our men of small means to render some aid, and we are confident they will cheerfully do it .-The Company cannot be organized, until seven thousand dollars of the Stock has been taken, and it is desirable that those who have made up their minds to take Stock, will do so as soon after the books are opened as practicable.

OUR MERCHANTS. We believe our merchants have all received their supply of Goods for the Spring and Summer, -and are now anxious to dispose of them for the Cash if they can, and if they cannot, then "on a short credit to punctual customers." We suppose this is right enough-and lest our country friends should not know where to get "good bargains" let them look over the advertising columns of the "Spirit," and he who advertises, will be most apt

to sell the best bargains-let him who doubts it make the trial, and if we are mistaken, we will give up the case without argument.

MURDER AT HARPERS-FERRY. A white man, named Fowler, shot a free negro named Ben Ware, at Harpers-Ferry, on Saturday last, killing him instantly. Fowler has as yet eluded the vigilance of the officers of the law. A black man named Moore Robinson, charged with being an accessary in the murder, has been lodged in our jail, and will take his trial before an examining Court on to-day, (Friday.)

MANUFACTURING COMPANY. An election for 10 Directors and President of the Harpers-Ferry and Shenandoah Manufacturing Company, for the ensuing year, will take place at Harpers-Ferry on Monday next. It is requested that as many of the stockholders as can make it convenient, will endeavor to be present.

We learn that there is a portion of the stock yet to be taken, and it is hoped that the citizens of this county will at once avail themselves of the opportunity offered. The neighboring counties of Maryland, having no interest save a profitable investment of their funds, in comparison with Jefferson, have taken a large amount of the stock Our citizens, many of them at least, have not done what they are able, and their interest demands, in this matter. We hope they will show a disposition to do better, and if they will but make an investigation for themselves, we are sure they will find that they have not been pursuing that course which their own interest and the future prosperity of the county requires at their hands.

THE DROUTH.-The month of April, has been unpropitious of vegetation. Not more than two or three light showers of rain have occurred during the month, and the weather, with the exception of two or three days, has been exceedingly cool for the season. The land has been dry and hard, and the spring-sown grain is very backward. The little rain which fell on Friday last, assisted vegetation somewhat, but much more is required for its rapid and vigorous growth. Many of our farmers are now engaged in planting corn, and we hope they may have an opportunity of putting out more than the usual quantity of this important crop.

ANOTHER CHANGE .- The Whigs of Philadelphia have lately christened themselves " Democratic Whigs." They have fought under so many different names and colors, upon each one of which they have brought lasting odium and disgrace, that as a last desperate alternative, they are now striving to assume the name of the Demoeratic party. Wonder if the day is far distant, when they will claim to be " Locofoco Whigs" or Locofoco Democrats."

The General Assembly of Church in the United States hold its next annual meeting in the First Presbyterian Church in the city of Richmond, Virginia at eleven o'clock, A. M. on Thursday the 20th of May, next, and will be opened with a sermon by the Rev. Charles Hodge, D. D., the Moderator of the last Assembly.

17 The Liverpool Chronicle estimated the quantity of specie likely to be brought out by the Cambria at about £500,000, and the amount during the month, by the Cambria, Sarah Sands and Caledonia, a little short of a million.

The Boston Atlas says that the Cambria brought to that port £360;000 in specie,-nearly \$2,000, 000,-and left £30,000 at Halifax.

The Richmond Enquirer states that Mr. WASHINGTON GREENHOW has declined the appointment of Council of the United States to Bue-

Two Thousand Dollars Reward is offered in the New York newspapers, for a pocket book, containing about Forty Thousand Dollars, lost in London. It is supposed that some of the money The man who carelessly carries that amount

of money with him, deserves to lose it-we never THOMAS W. REYNOLDS has received the appointment of Postmaster of Berryville, Clarke

County, in the place of J. M. Nicklin, dec'd. The Regimental Parade of Jefferson CounDESPATCHES OF MAJ. GIDDINGS.

We have been furnished through a friend, with he official despatches of Maj. LUTHER GIDDINGS, formerly of this town, giving a detailed report of his recent engagement with Gen. Urrea. As J. Adams is proprietor, and Messrs. Adams, Van-commander of the Ohio Regiment, Maj. Giddings derford and Brown are editors. The editorial is has won for himself great distinction, and his written in good temper and style, and the paper friends in this region rejoice at his honorable bearing, and rapid advancement in the line. of ence to men. military promotion. They will of course read with interest his official despatches, and we regret that the crowded state of our columns forbid their publication before next week.

OUR VOLUNTEERS.

A recent letter from Camargo states that the margo at 1 o'clock, A. M., and marching for 18 nours en route for Monterey, only stopping for breakfast. The regiment staid at Monterey only one day, and then returned to Camargo, where it emained at last accounts.

SONS OF TEMPERANCE.

"RINGGOLD DIVISION No. 51" was instituted at Snickersville, on Friday evening last, by Asher W. Gray, D. G. W. P., assisted by Dr. G. B Stephenson, D. G. W. P., and Brother - El gin, of Harpers-Ferry, Bro's. B. R. Attwell, T. R. Saunders, W. Jarvis, J. F. Divine, and John sett, of Leesburg.

The following officers were elected and install-

William Bradfield,-W. P. William Brown,—W. A.
George W. Bradfield,—R. S.
Edward P. Davies,—T.
James G. Updike,—F. S. Edward Brooks,—C. Thomas W. Keene,—A. C. Francis E. Allden,-J. S.

TO ARMS! TO ARMS!!

From the order of Adjutant General Richardson, it will be seen that two more companies of volunteers are called for to serve in Mexico. The Government has wisely resolved to push the advantages we have already gained, to send new troops, and, by continued vigorous action, force Mexico to come into speedy negotiation. cannot doubt that these two new companies will be made un at once, and that our chivalrous young men will be eager to participate in the laurels so richly won by their fellow-gitizens of other States. [Richmond Eng.

SUICIDE.—On Friday morning last, a negro boy about fifteen years of age, belonging to Mr. Jamison, committed suicide, in this place, by shooting himself with a pistol, the nuzzle of which he placed in his mouth. Previous to the act he had been guilty of theft, in the presence of several witnesses, and from fear of the consequence, it is supposed, he was led to do the decd.
[Martinsburg Republican.

Mr. BANCROFT, our minister to England, has recently been elected a member of the London Society of Antiquarians, on motion of Lord Morpeth. Mr. Bancroft is believed to be the first American on whom this honor has been conferred.

HON. ROBERT J. WALKER .- The Union is refating at length the calumnies of the Federal press against Mr. Walker, the Secretary of the Trea-sury, in negotiating the loan of eighteen millions. It is scarcely necessary. No member of the ad-ministration has more effectually lived down his enemies-no man has more reason to be proud of his measures after they had been assailed by an abandoned press, no man has been more inde-fatigable in the discharge of his high duties—than Mr. Walker. The Federalists have been cowed into respect for his talents and character, by the abundant success of his measures.

[Pennsylvanian. SINGULAR FACT .- It is a singular coincidence hat the battle of Buena Vista should have been ought on the anniversary of Washington's birthday, and that in California on the anniversary of that when General Wool announced to the troops that the morning of the engagement was the anni-versary of the birth of the immortal Washington, the air rang with the shout of the men. Angelos, Commodore Stockton reminded the men that they were fighting on the anniversary of a day on which the American arms had accomplished the signal defeat of their most powerful and haughty rival—with both the effect was inspiring.

A SENSIBLE MAN .- Col. Jefferson Davis, of the Mississippi regiment, and son-in-law of Gen. Taylor, seems to be sensible of the impropriety and awkwardness of the position he would be placed in by a party nomination, while fighting the battles of his country. Having been named for the office of Governor of Mississippi, he writes the Mississippian "that he will not be a candidate, or permit his name to be connected with politics in any manner, so long as he holds a military appointment."-Ball. Sun.

WHOLESALE ANNEXATION .- The Twenty Sixth Parallel, which, according to Senor Atocha's of-fer, was to form the boundary line between the United States and Mexico, intersects the Rio Grande very nearly at its mouth, leaving Point Isabel, Palo Alto and Resaca de la Palma on the North, and Matamoras on the South. Monterey, the Rinconada Pass, Saltillo and the battle ground of Buena Vista are also on the Southern or Mexican side of the 26th parallel; while the United States would gain the upper portions of Tamaulipas, New Leon, Coshuila, Durango and inola, with the whole of Chilianhua and Snoora, and Lower California down to Care St. Domingo.

AN ARMY OF COLPORTEURS .- Lord Ashley Rev. Mr. Bickersteth, and some others, says the Dublin Herald, have raised near \$100,000 for the employment of seven hundred Scripture readers This army of Colporteurs is to be mmediately distributed over the country, reading the Bible and instructing the people in their houses and by the highway.

UNPARALLELED CHANGE IN THE WEATHER .-On Thursday, at half past two o'clock, the mercury in Farenheit's thermometer in the shade, indicated eighty-five degrees. Yesterday, at a much earlier hour, the same thermometer in the same place indicated thirty-four degrees, showing a dif-ference of fifty-one degrees in less than twenty-four hours!—Boston Journal, Saturday.

PEDESTRIANISM .- Eaton, the celebrated pedestrian, who walked one thousand miles in one housand consecutive hours in Canada last summer, is now in active exercise at Vauxhall Garden, New York, preparatory to his herculean feat of walking one quarter of a mile every consecutive fifteen minutes for 250 hours, which feat he commences at the above place on Wednesday morn-ing at 8 o'clock. This, if accomplished, will be one of the most astonishing feats ever performed, particularly when it is taken into consideration that Mr. Eaton is 77 years of age.

ALMOST A FAMINE !- No flour or bread could be obtained at any price at Monterey, in Califor-nia, at the last advices. Tea was selling at \$3 per lb., coffee 75 a 80 cents per lb., sugar, common kinds 25 a 31. Nothing could be had but fresh beef and occasionally a few potatoes, the latter at 4 and 5 cts. per lb. The common brandy of the country was selling at 85 a gallon, and no other could be had.

PERSONAL.—Hon Edward Everett, is about to resign the Presidency of Harvard College, on account of the intractability of the students.

NEW DEMOCRATIC PAPER.

The first number of a new daily penny paper entitled, " Baltimore Daily News," was issue that city on Saturday morning last; of which Mr. will support democratic principles without refer-

WESTERN LUNATIC ASYLUM. We are indebted to the Superintendent of this Institution, for the Nineteenth Annual Report of

its President and Directors. There have been in the asylum in the course of the year, two hundred and seventy-four patients; Virginia regiment made its first essay to "march of whom, one hundred and sixty were males, and through Mexico" on the 8d ult., leaving Ca- one hundred and fourteen females. Of these, one hundred and eighty-two occupied its apartments at the commencement of the year, and ninety-two, viz: Forty-six males and forty-six females, have been since admitted. There are at present. two hundred and seventeen patients, viz: One hundred and twenty-thres males and ninety-four

There were discharged during the year 50-32 of whom had recovered-2 much improved-1 improved-2 unimproved-and 20 died.

The Report of the Superintendent abounds in matter of interest, relative to this philanthrophic institution, and we shall at an early day present some detailed extracts, showing the good results which have been already felt from its organization. We hope the Legislature and the people of Virginia, will cherish this institution as it deserves, and with each year enlarge its means of useful-

ANOTHER SLAVE CASE.—It appears that the citizens of Pittsburg are becoming famous for their efforts to deprive strangers passing through that city, of their property. The Journal of Thurs-

day says:
Quite an excitement was created on the wharf, day before yesterday, by an attempt to rescue a negro woman and her child, slaves, who were brought up on board the steamer Colorado. They were accompanied by their mistress, an elderly lady, who was proceeding with them to Baltimore. The fact that slaves were on board the Colorado, was reported round town, and a large number of colored persons had collected on the wharf.— When the mistress left the Colorado, with the intention of walking to the Brownsville packet, a short distance above, a rush was made to rescue the slaves. The mistress succeeded, however, in obtaining admission into a store on Water st., from whence they managed to reach the Brownsville boat with the woman, although she lost the boy. The little boy was, apparently, much fright-ened, screaming and clinging to his mistress.

HORRIBLE ATTEMPT AT SUICIDE.-We learn that a young merchant, named Summers, residing at Liberty, Mo., the St. Louis Republican says, made an attempt to destroy himself and store, last Thursday morning, with gunpowder. Some time before day, having lain a train communicating with a keg of powder in his store, he seated himself upon it, and touched it off. The explosion was tremendous, doing great injury to the store, blowing him some distance, and terribly lacerating his flesh; but strange as it may appear, he was not killed, though he is not exwithout family, who has resided a long while in the place, and of irreproachable character—sober and industrious—and had just entered into mercantile business a few months ago. It is not known what made him commit the act, farther than by his own declaration, on being questioned in relation to it—that he had done a deed for which he could not forgive himself, nor could he longer bear the reflections to which it gave rise.

THE PLAN OF LA PLAYA .- The private correspondent of the New York Sun speaks of a new plan of government about being promulgated by the leading members of the States of Ouxaca, Puebla and Vera Cruz. The States, despairing of the patriotism and fidelity of the central government, will withdraw in such sections as can act well together, and organize effectively their several and distinct constitutions, and demandthe battle of New Orleans. The commanding officer took advantage of this fact to animate the spirit of their troops. A letter from Saltillo states ted States. The basis of this arrangement is to be the abandonment to the United States of California and all the territory north of 26 degrees as an equivalent for the expenses of the war, and the protection the new States will receive against the Indians on the boundary. The ports now ta-ken, to remain in the hands of the Americans until their claims against the government of Mexico shall be paid from the revenues of those ports at the American tariff, with the addition of a slightly increase tonnage duty on foreign vessels.

A SHOT FROM THE CASTLE .- A bomb-shell brought to Philadelphia by Commander Engle of the U.S. steamship Princeton, has been placed in the rotunda of the Philadelphia Exchange, and excites considerable curiosity. It was fired from the Castle during the bombardment of the city of Vera Cruz, and fell near General Worth's tent, a distance of two miles and a half. The thickness of the iron is about two inches, and it weighs 186 pounds. The charge was not ignited by the fuse and has since been withdrawn. The Ledger says it has a decided ugly appearance, and our troops had certainly very strong reasons for endeavor-ing to dodge such customers when they perceived em coming.

QUICK WORK .- On the occasion of the illumination, on Wednesday evening, the whole of Barnum's hotel, including the lights in the transparencies, exceeding 3000 in number, were lighted in less than half a minute; and at the Exchange notel, 1700 candles were lit in five seconds. The wicks were previously wet with spirits of turpen-tine, and persons stationed to light up at a given signal. The effect of this almost instantaneous ighting was grand .- Ball. Sun.

FIRE.-We learn from the Boonsboro' Odd Fellow that the large and commodious boat build-ing shop of Mr. Otis Baker, situated on the Chesapeake & Ohio Canal, at Harris' warehouse, t miles from that place, accidentally took fire on the evening of the 16th April, and was, with its contents, totally consumed. Mr. Baker lost all his tools, &c., valued at \$500.

REVOLUTIONARY FAMILY .- Capt. Huger, of S. C., acting chief of ordinance at the attack on Vera Cruz, is son of Col. Huger, who made the attempt to rescue La Fayette when confined in the prison

THE RENTAL OF IRELAND .- A parliamentary paper, just issued, gives the aggregate net value of all Ireland, assessed to the poor rate, at £13,-187,421 6s. 8d.

FROM RIO JANEIRO.-The barque Anahuac,

FROM RIO JANEIRO.—The barque Anahuac, arrived at New York on Friday evening, furnishes Rio Janeiro papers to the 3d ult., and Montevideo dates to the 10th February.

Mr. Wise, our Minister, applied shortly before the A. sailed from Rio, for an audience of the Emperor, to deliver a letter from the President, congratulating him on the birth of the Princess, but was refused. It was said that a majority of the cabinet was in favor of granting the audience, but that the Emperor was decided in his refusal.

The Brazilian man of war at Rio having fired a salute on the 22d of February, in honor of Washington's birth day, the U. S. ship Levant fired one the next day, being the birth day of the

The Levant was to leave the next day for New

The Cecil (Md.) Whig of Saturday says— Some farmers in this neighborhood are plough-ng up their wheat, and preparing to plant corn astead, so unpromising is the appearance of the

FOREIGN CORRESPONDENCE.

We have received from a young friend, formera resident of this town, now on a tour through England and France, the following letter, descriptive somewhat of his observations in the Old World. We shall expect to hear from him at the several points which he may stop, and doubt not our readers will be interested and profited by his observation of men and things.

Correspondence of the Spirit of Jefferson.

LONDON, April 3, 1847.

\* \* We left New York, Feb. 17th, were thirty-five days at sea; and during this time the Atlantic was the theatre of the wildest storms that have been known for many years. We had some very rude specimens, and nothing but the superiority of our ship saved us from the fate that overtook many others of weaker build. I will not weary you with the details of the common-place incidents of a tedious voyage across the Atlantic. I was much disappointed in the ocean, and could discover none of its reputed beauties. Its mountain waves and its chrystal crested seas, are most transparents figures of speech, but I cannot conceive a mightier bore, and God knows I stepped on shore with delight. I must make one exception as to its beauties. We were called one day on deck to see the result of a squall—we found Correspondence of the Spirit of Jefferson. on deck to see the result of a squall—we found the air full of a delicate mist, and just ahead of the air full of a delicate mist, and just ahead of us was a rainbow of most rare and wondrous brilliancy. It was so near that it seemed as though we could throw a stone into it, and we were sailing directly under its arch. The rainbow lingered a few moments, lighting up the Heavens with celestial beauty, and then slowly went from ne ever saw a more sublime whence it came-no spectacle than this.

The tunnel under the Thames has been ranked as a world's wonder, and so it is in comparison with any other Subterranean structure. From the bottom the view of the two arches of the tunnel, brilliantly lighted with gas, is very fine. Between the arches of the division separating the two passages, are shops occupied by venders of fancy articles, toys, views of the tunnel, &c. The immense solidity and compactness of this structure precludes the danger of accident each of the sides being arched outwards. with any other Subterranean structure. accident, each of the sides being arched outwards, so that the heaviest pressure only strengthens the whole. It will long remain a noble monument

of human daring and ingenuity.
St. Paul's Cathedral stands pre-eminently first
among the works of architecture of the British Empire, and is acknowledged to be the most mag-nificent Protestant Church in the world. It is on a scale of grandeur excelling every thing I have yet seen,—the dome seems to stand in the sky as you look up to it; the distance from which you view it, combined with the atmosphere of London, give it a dim, shadowy appearance, that perfectly startles one with its immensity. The roof from which the dome springs is itself as high as the spires of most other churches—blackened for two hundred years with the coal smoke of London, it stands like a relic of the giant archi-tecture of the old world. The Whispering Gallery is a very great curiosity. It is 140 yards in circumference. On the side directly opposite the door by which the visitor enters, several yards of matting are placed, on which the visitor being scated, the person who shows the gallery whispers with the mouth close to the wall at the distance of 140 feet from the visitor, who hears his words in a loud voice seemingly at his ear. In the crypt or vaults of the Cathedral are many tombs to the memory of eminent men. What a multitude of titles meet us as we stroll around-titles made familiar by history. There is a Sarcopha-gus of black marble, having on it a coronet and creshion, within which is the body of Nelson; on the pedestal are the words "Horatio Viscount Nelson." Here too, is Benjamin West, James Barry, and Sir Thomas Lawrence, the celebrated painters, and a hundred others lie around, whose fame is common property, and who belong not to England, but to the world.

I was very much amused to day by a very re-spectable looking Englishman that I met at the North and South American Hotel, who asked me very innocently what language we spoke in the United States. I could hardly refrain from laugh-ing, but putting on a sober face, I told him that the Choctaw language was spoken in the North-ern states, but the Chickasaw was the prevailing language in the Western and Southern States, all of which he "sucked" down.

Nothing more at present, but remain, yours. &c.

REFUSAL OF THANKS TO GEN. TAYLOR .- The following order, submitted in the Massachusetts House of Representatives on Friday, by Mr. Boutwell, of Goton, was taken up on Saturday and rejected, by a vote of 65 ayes, to 114 nays:—

Ordered, That the committee on the militia, on the part of this House, be instructed to report a series of resolutions of the purport following:—
1st. That the thanks of the Legislature of Massachusetts are due to Major General Zachary Taylor, his officers and men, for the skill, good t, bravery and success, which have distin-

guished their operations upon the Rio Grande at Monterey, and at Buena Vista. 2d. That while the people and Legislature of Massachusetts view with pride the brilliant achievements of the army employed in the war against Mexico, they mourn the loss of those officers and men who have fallen upon the battle field, and sincerely sympathise with their relatives and friends.

friends.

3d. That his excellency the Governor be quested to transmit a copy of these resolves to Gen. Taylor, to be by him communicated to the army under his command.

BREADSTUFFS .- The New York Commercia. Advertiser of Saturday afternoon says— Dealers most conversant with the statisties of

the trade say that when the canal opens the stock of flour in New York, Boston and the other Eastern ports will be at least 300,000 to 325,000 barrels less than it was at the corresponding period of last year. In addition to this, the present stock at Baltimore and Philadelphia is computed to be 200,000 barrels less than it was at the same date last Spring, and while all their channels of supply are now open, the amount of flour arriving at those two ports is not sufficient to supply even

those two ports is not sumcient to supply even the present demand.

Again, they say, at least one-half of what our canals can bring down during the month of May is already sold in advance of its arrival, while all the remainder will be wanted for home use during that month, if not a barrel be bought for shipment in addition to what has already been taken on contract previous to its reception here.

It is these considerations of a certain indepen-

dence, for the present at least, of a foreign market, that has enabled holders very nearly if not quite to sustain the prices current before the arrival.

ARE YOU FOND OF CUCUMBERS ?- Hague's Horoscope, for May, says:—A Pennsylvania German told a gardner, that if he wished to succeed in raising Cucumbers and Melons, he must be sure to plant when the Moon was in Scorpio, in good aspect with Saturn, Jupiter and Venus, and these planners when the head done as for those plannets under the earth, he had done so for two successive years, and has raised an abun-dance of cucumbers, while scarely a neighbor, for miles around him, raised any. Would it not be well for gardeners to make the experiment?

THE VETERAN VICTORIOUS .- Col. W. R. Johnson's b. c. Revenue won the great race at New Orleans on the 15th inst., beating S. T. Taylor's b. m Fanny King. It was the greatest race of the season, or indeed the greatest run in that quar-ter for many years. It was a match race for \$10,000—\$5,000 aside—four mile heats. Time,

INTOXICATING LIQUORS TO THE INDIANS.—The Secretary of War has issued regulations of a stringent character, prohibiting, according to law, the introduction of intoxicating liquors among the Indian tribes. They have suffered severely in health, property and morals by the excessive use of ardent spirits, and this effort to arrest the abuse is deserving of all praise.

as one preliminary to the permanent organization of the Company, a motion was made by Thomas H. Willis, Esq., that a survey of the two "Upper Routes" be made, and a report of the same made to the Commissioners at their next meeting. After discussion, this resolution was withdrawn by the mover.

on motion, Books of Subscription were ordered to be opened on the 1st day of May, at Charlestown, Harpers-Ferry, Berryville and Millwood, under the direction of any four Commissioners whom the Chair might designate, and at such places in said towns as might be agreed upon. In accordance with the above resolution, it was directed that Books be resolution, it was directed that Books be open-

ed as follows, viz:

In Charlestown, at the Hotels of G. W. Sappington and I. N. Carter, and at the Post Office, under the direction of Wm. F. Turner, Geo. W. Sappington, Garland M. Davis and

Humphrey Keyes.

In Harpers-Ferry, at Abell's Hotel, under the direction of Wm. B. Thompson, Joseph F. Abell, Geo. W. Sappington and A. R. Herr. In Berryville, at the store of Thomas H. Crow, and the Post Office, under the direction of Daniel W. Sowers, Mann R. Page, Thos. H. Crow and Thomas W. Reynolds.
In Millwood, at Clark's Store, and the house

of Dr. Little, under the direction of Nathaniel Burwell, John Alexander, John Loutham and James H. Clark.
On motion, it was Resolved, That the next

meeting of the Commissioners be held in Charlestown, and at as early a day as the Chairman of this meeting may deem practicable, af-ter the sum of seven thousand dollars shall have been taken in stock.

The thanks of the meeting were tendered

the Chairman and Secretary, and the Newspa-pers of Jefferson and Frederick, requested to publish the proceedings. SAMUEL W. IACKLAND, Ch'n.

JAMES W. BELLER, Sec'y.

IMPROVEMENT OF THE SHENANDOAH.

At a meeting of the citizens of Clarke and Jefferson, friendly to the improvement of the Shenandoah River, on motion of Province McCormick, JOHN E. PAGE, Esq. was called to the chair, and DAVID H. McGuine appointed Secre-

The object of the meeting was stated in forcible terms by Mr. McCormick, after which, Dr. W, Nelson introduced the following resolutions, and entorced them by appropriate remarks. Some modifications were suggested, and the resolutions adopted in the following form:

1 Resolved, as the sense of this meeting, That such an improvement of the Shenaud ah, as will secure to the Valley the benefit of an ascending as well as descending trade, is essential to this

region.
2. Resolved, That a committe of fifty be appointed by this meeting, to orge by all proper means the improvement of the Shenaudoah Rivor, and to request the proper suthorities to carry w execution the act directing a survey of the River and its branches, by an Engineer of the

P. McCormick. Wm. Nelson, Benjamin Morgan, George L. Kerfoot, C. S. Taylor, Josish W. Ware, Nathaniel Burwell, Sr., James Cautleman, Thomas F. Nelson, W. D. McGuire, P. N. Mesde, Francis McCormick, Allen Williams, Joseph Shepherd, John Louthan, Wm. Betry, Treadwell Smith, John A. Thompson, Nathaniel Burwell, Jr., Wm. Alexander, D. W. Sowers, Wm. C. Worthington, S. W. Laekland, Thomas H. Willis, John E. Page, G. M. Davis, R. S. Bisekburn, W. H. Norris, II. L. Opie, John Kable, Geo Eichelberger, J. C. R. Taylor, Geo. W. Peter, Leary Williams, C. H. Lewis, Logan Osborn, Geo. W. Turner, James M. Ranson, John W. McLurdy, James McCurdy, John Humphreys, R. H. Butcher, Wm. II. Moore, J. J. Gauvill, H. M. Nelson, E. J. Smith, Champ Shepberd, Alfred Castleman, Dr. C. McCormick, and Geo. D. Mess.

On motion, the Winchester and Charlestown papers were requested to publish the proceed-P. McCormick, Wm. Nelson, Benjamin

papers were requested to publish the proceed ings. JOHN E. PAGE, Ch'n. D. H. McGuine, Sec'y.

Damages for the Death of a Railroad Passenger .- Dr. Alfred Hitchcock, of Ashby, brother of the late Dr. Henry D. Hitchcock, of Middleboro' Mass., who was killed on the 23d of February last, by a collision of cars on the Fall river railroad, has made an adjustment of the claims of the widow and heirs against said company The company, through their treasurer, David Anthony, Esq , of Fall river, have paid to the legal claimants the sum of \$4500, and have received a discharge from any further liability.

Tom Thums -Gen. Tom Thumb being at Washington, called upon the President on Tuesday, and also upon Hon. Dixon H. Lewis. A letter says:

He kissed the ladies, sang, played or the piano, danced, and talked over his incidents among the crowned heads of Europe, with the sir and elegance of an ambassador. He remains two days longer. He was daguerreotyped by Mr. Van Loan this morning, who has also taken a photograph of the general's splendid equip-

A surgeon named Robertson, of Hano ver, Ohio, has been mulcted in \$2.050 damages for malpractice in a dislocation of the knee joint, which resulted in amputation of the limb.

Drowned .- On Monday afternoon week, an interesting little boy, the son of Mr. Wm. Retcliff, of Hagerstown, was drowned by falling into a vat of his father's tannery.

Combined Forces -Scott and Taylor will be able to march to the Capital with 20,000 men, leaving sufficient force to garrison the captured towns.

More Specie. The steamer Cambria brought over about \$1,000,000 in specie. Beneral Intelligence.

TRADE WITH ALEXANDRIA.

Manifest signs of improvement are visible in Alexandria since her retrocession to Virginia, and smiles and cheerfulness pervade every face. Business men look forward with confidence to a renewal of trade and intercourse with this portion of the Valley, and the completion of the Canal to the Coal Mines will be another new era to this important Potomac City.

There is now wanted an Alexandria Depot at Harper's Ferry, for the reception of produce and merchandize, and to faciliate transportation between the two points. We were surprised to hear that the transportation of a hogshead of sugar from Alexandria to Harper's Ferry, by the Canal, only costs one dollar, whilst by the Railroad from Baltimore it is more than three! The same difference exists in other freight. Why not renew trade with our old Virginia City?—Win. Rep.

BENEFIT OF SCIENCE.—On Thursday, Aug.

BENEFIT OF SCIENCE.—On Thursday, Aug. G. Vail was arrested in Albany for some offence committed in Rochester. The Telegraph notified his arrest; when Rochester replied "hold on to him." A few hours, the line again replied—"Let him go; we've examined witnesses—he's innocent." He took up his knapsack, bound for New York and the wars. But for the Telegraph, he must have been a prisoner several days.

A New Properties .- Mr. C. Fisher, a citizen of New Orleans, says that he has invented a new kind of propellers, for steamships, entirely differ-ent from any thing that has hitherto been produced, which are capable of propelling vessels of any size, at the rate of from twenty to twenty-five miles

TROOPS FOR MEXICO.—The ship Ebwina, which lies in the North river, at New York, will sail first fair wind, having on board two hundred and sixtysix recruits from Fort Columbus, for the Sest of War. Ninety-two of these men constitute D. Co.
1st Artillery, eighty-four for B. Co. 7th Infantry,
and ninety for A. Co. 5th Infantry—the whole under the command of Brevet-Major J. Dimick, 1st
U.S. Artillery. Lieut. J. B. Gibson, 1st Artillery, A. A. C. S., accompanied the detachment.

The citizens of Louisville have resolved to erect a suitable monument over the remains of Lieut. Col. Clay and the other Kentucky officers who fell at Buena Vista.

RICH — Santa Anna says that Gen. Taylor was such a stubborn Yankee, that he did not know when he was whipped.

Notice to Quit-Important to Landholders .-The N. Y. Express says that the following important notice is published to the world by the National Reformers in a paper called "Young America:"

"No monopoly of land should be recognized that bears date after 1845. Sufficient notice was given prior to the termination of that year, that the people claimed their own; whoever has monopolized, knowing of that claim, is the worst kind of a thief, and should be so used and regarded. No National Reformers should purchase over one lot or farm for himself and each of his children; and all who have more should sell out as soon as possible, for whatever they can get without taking a

FIRE AND LOSS OF LIFE IN WESTFIELD .- The ouse of Elnathan Atkins in Westfield, Mass. three or four miles from the centre of the village, was destroyed by fire on Friday night and Mr. At-kins was burned in it. He was an intemperate man, not far from 50 years old, and lived alone in the house. He procured a jug of rum in the vil-lage on Thursday. How the fire originated is not known.

SACRILEGE .- The great cross on the altar of St. Patrick's Church, Quebec, was stolen last week; but the thicf, finding that it was only plated and not solid silver, brought back the pieces and left them at the door.

SHIPPING IN PORT .- For a number of years there have not been in the port of Baltimore as

RATHER EXPENSIVE EATING .- New potatoes, from the South, have been sold in Fulton market, N. York, within a few days, for \$3,50 per bushel. At retail they readily brought 3 cents each.

NEW HAMPSHIRE WEATHER .- A letter dated Bath, N. II., April 19th, says: The snow is at least in the woods two feet deep; and above here in Stratford, and opposite in Brunswick, Vt., it is plump four feet in the woods.

A BIG ODD FELLOW .- The Hon, Dixon II Lewis, of Alabama, who has remained at Washington since the adjournment of Congress, last week became a member of the Oriental Lodge, I. O. O. F., of that city. This benevolent and highly respectable Order at present numbers among its members many of the most distinguished individ-

SUPERANUATED PREACHERS .- It was decided at the late Rhode Island Methodist Conference to employ the superanuated preachers as Colportuers for circulating their publications, after the plan of the Volume agency of the American Tract Society.

CURIOUS ORDER .- Before the march on Buena Vista an order was issued to the Mexican Soldiers to drink all the water they could before marching.' This is done by camels in the East, and they can drink sufficient for three days, but we never heard that this feat could be performed by

NOT GONE TO BEDGIUM .- The Philadelphia tailor who was going to Belgium on account of the passage of the tariff of 1846, still sticks to his goose, and offers to make suits of clothes for \$20 which any other tailor would charge \$35 for. e, and offers to make suits of clothes for \$20, He is doubtless a scab, or what the printers would

STATISTICS OF CATHOLICISM .- The statistics of the Catholic Church, recently published by the Archbishop of Thessalonica, Secretary to the Propaganda, show that it numbers—In Europe, 108 archbishops, 469 bishops and 125,000,000 members. In America, both North and South, 12 archbishops, 60 bishops and 26,000,000 members. bishops, 60 bishops and 26,000,000 members.— In Asia, 25 archbishops, 4 bishops and 1,200,000 members; and in Oceana, 2 archbishops, 5 bish-ops and 300,000 members.

GEN'L LAMAR CAPTURED .- The Galveston News learns from Houston, that information has been brought to Austin that Gen. Lamar, with his company of 80 or 100 men, attempted to pass through from Loredo to join Gen. Taylor; that after penetrating into some difficult passes of the mountains beyond the Rio Grande, he was atmontains beyond the Rio Grande, he was at-tacked by greatly superior numbers of the enemy, whom he fought till he lost half his men, when he found himself compelled to surrender. We have none of the particulars. Gen. Lamar's ob-ject was to go to the relief of Gen. Taylor as soon as he had heard the alarming news of his dangerous situation.

THE REV. MR. REY SAFE.—The New York Freeman's Journal, of Saturday last, says:
"Our Washington correspondent has come to hand too late for this week. We have great pleasure, however, in learning by him that Father Rey is neither killed nor prisoner. He found refuge with a pious Mexican family, until the danger was passed. He is probably now in Matamoras."

205. An act amending the act passed 25th February 1846, establishing district free schools in the counties of Frederick and Jefferson; requires a poll to be opened on the first Thursday in June to ascertain the sense of the people of Frederick and Jefferson upon the adoption of the district free school system as prescribed by the act. The electors to be those qualified to vote under the present constitution, and all other white male citizens of the county over the are of twenty-one. the present constitution, and all other white male citizens of the county over the age of twenty-one, who were assessed with any portion of the state revenue, and with the county levy and poor rates for the preceeding year, and actually paid the same. Makes it the duty of the school commissioners to lay off the counties into districts, and to reserve out of the school fund fifty dollars to pay the expense thereof; to appoint a time and place for the first election in each district of a school commissioner who is to be a resident of the district, and sioner who is to be a resident of the district, and to appoint three persons to superintend the elec-tion; the persons elected in each district are to constitute the board of school commissioners.— The annual elections after the first election are to take place in March, at the time and place designated by the commissioners. The board are to elect one of their number president. They are incorporated with the usual corporate powers.—
Their annual meetings are to be in March at the Courthouses of the counties. They are to select a site in each district, and provide schoolhouses and furnish and repair them, and impose a tax on the district to defray the expense thereof. They are to establish schools, in which are to be taught reading, writing, arithmatic, and where practicable, English grammar, geography, history, moral philosophy, and such higher branches as they may direct; and all children between five and twenty one years residents of the district, are to be taught free of charge. The school fund is placed under the control of the board; it is constituted of the Literary fund school quota; of fines and forfeitures imposed by the act upon the officers for neglect of duty; of donations, bequests and devises, which may be made by individuals thereto; of tuition fees of those able to pay not exceeding fifty cents a quarter; and of a tax on the titheables. reading, writing, arithmatic, and where practicacents a quarter; and of a tax on the titheables not exceeding one dollar per head, and by an as-sessment not exceeding fifty per cent on the amount of state revenue paid by individuals. The fees and taxes imposed to be collected by the sheriffs of the counties. The board to make annual re-

ports to the superintendent of the Literary fund. GENERAL TAYLOR-MEXICAN BANDITTI.-The following letter of Gen. Taylor refers to the de-predations committed by the Mexican banditti on the private and public property on the route from Camargo to Monterey, and explains the course which he intends to pursue in regard to these outrages .- N. O. Della.

The General-in-Chief of the American Forces to the Inhabitants of Tamaulipas, Neura Leon and Coahuila.

When the American troops first crossed the frontier, and entered the above States, it was with he intention, and publicly declared to you, of making war, not upon the peaceful citizens of the soil, but upon the central government of the Re-public, with a view to obtain an early and an ho-

norable peace.
The undersigned was authorized by his Government to levy contributions upon the people for the support of his army; but unwilling to throw the heavy burthen of the war upon those who with few exceptions, manifested a neutral disposition, he has continued from the first to pay punc-tually and liberally for all supplies drawn from the country for the support of his troops.

If has used every effort to cause the war to

bear lightly upon the people of these States, and he had hoped, by this means, to retain their confi-dence and to assure their neutrality in the strife hetween his Government and that of Mexico, but he regrets to say that his kindness has not been appreciated, but has been met by acts of hostility and plunder. The citizens of the country, instead of pursuing their avocations quietly at home, have in armed bands, waylaid the roads, and under the direction, and with the support of Government

River and its biancom,
Siste.

3. Resolved; That the other counties in the
weather be requested to appoint delegates to
the meeting proposed to be held at Front Royal
is Agust next, on such day as may have been
suggested by the cutizens of Warren.

4. Resolved, That with a view to carry into effect the object of this meeting, a committee of twenty-five be appointed by the
mittee of twenty-five be appointed by the
the war Department for two more companies of
chairman of this meeting, from each of the counties of Clarke and Jefferson, to meet committees
the Department may allow Pennsylvania to put
at least another battalion in the field. It would
be just as easy to raise, and it thinks the troops
be just as easy to raise, and it thinks the troops
be just as easy to raise, and it thinks the troops
Dannsylvania volun
The lives of the cannot be restored; but the unaveraged
to death cannot be restored; but the death cannot be restored; but the death cannot be restored;

The lives of the cannot be restored; but the unaveraged
to death cannot be restored; but the death cannot be restored;

The lives of the countries of the country an indemrequires from the people of the country for the proper
for the trains and the pilage of their contents. To
that end an estimate will be made by the proper
officers of the entire loss, and this loss must be
made good, either in money or in the products of
the country by the community at large, of the
States of Tamaulipas and New Leon, and Coahuilla,
and to give the country an indemrequires from the people of the country an indemrequires from the people of the countries. To
that end an estimate w

share. And the undersigned calls upon all good citizens to remain absolutely neutral, and to give no countenance to the bands which infest country for the purpose of murder and pillage .-It is his anxious desire to continue the same policy as heretofore; and he trusts that the course of the citizens will enable him to do so.

Z. TAYLOR, Maj. Gen. U. S. A. Headquarters at Monterey, March 31, 1847.

CONVENTION WITH HANOVER .- A most impor tant treaty of navigation and commerce which goes immediately into effect between the United States and Hanover, has been exchanged by the Hon. Dudley Mann, plenipotentiary of the former government, and Baron Von Falcke, of the latter. The high contracting parties have mutually agreed to extend to vessels of each other the indirect carrying, that is a Hanoverian ship may export corn or any other description of American produce to England' France, or elsewhere, and carry back the products of those countries if permitted by their respective government, while American vessels are to enjoy the same privilege in their in-tercourse with Hanoverian ports. The Washington Union publishes the treaty, and states that an accomplished diplomatic agent, A. D. Mann, Esq., arrived in the last steamer with the ratified copy and is now in Washington .- Baltimore Sun.

HORRIBLE MASSACRE.-Saunder's News Leter of Dublin has the following:

ASCENSION, 1st January, 1847. "We have just received news of a most horriole massacre on the coast of Africa. A slave depot, called Gallineos, known to have 2000 slaves ready for shipping, was so strictly blockaded by our cruisers, that the slave owners, finding it impossible to embark the slaves, and not wishing the expense of feeding them, actually in cold blood beeaded the whole number, placing their heads on ooles stuck in the beach, saying, if you will not allow us to make profit of prisoners we take in war, we will kill all."

THE ARMY .- Several officers of the army latey arrived at New Orleans from Vera Cruz, are of pinion that General Scott will be prevented from marching into the interior of Mexico, further than the highlands of Jalapa, by the approach of the period when the term of several volunteer regiments under his command will expire. Some of those terms will expire before the first day of next those terms will expire before the first day of next July, when the men may re-enlist or not. If they choose to return home, the General will be under the necessity of disbanding them, and providing the means of conveying them to their homes; and this duty he might be called upon to perform at a moment when it would be extremely inconvenient to him and hazardous to the army. It is the part of prudence, therefore, to remain at Jalapa till he receives reinforcements from the United States. receives reinforcements from the United States, or till Gen. Taylor is so far advanced on his march as to render a junction with him easy and sure.

Gen. Taylor is in the same situation. The chief part of his force consists of volunteers, en-listed for twelve months; and though their terms may not expire so soon as those of some of the regiments under Gen. Scott, yet his situation would be critical, if he found himself at San Luis Potosi, or in the vicinity of the capital of Mexico, while his volunteers claimed their discharge and no troops at hand to replace them.
[N. O. Courier.

The Markets.

BALTIMORE MARKET-From the Baltimore Sun of Wednesday.

CATTLE—The offerings at the ecules on Monday were only 150 head, all of which were sold at 8 50 a 89 75 net, per 100 lbs.

HOGS—We quote live Hogs at 7 50 to \$7 621 per 100

75 net, pir 100 lbs.
HOGS—We quote live Hogs at 750 to \$762\cdot per 100 pounds.
FISH—Potomac Shad are selling at 775 a \$9. Herrings at \$450 per bbl.
FLOUR—The Flour market to-day was dull and unsettled. A small sale of \$50 bbls was made early this morning at \$675, sold, we believe, to the Government. A sale of 500 bbls. Howard street was made yesterday afternoon at \$662\cdot, and about 1,200 bbls more yesterday and to-day at \$663\cdot, more than which buyers generally are unwilling to give. We note a sale of 250 bbls. Susquehanna at \$675, with offers to sell more at the same price and refused. City Millers are generally asking \$7, but their stock is very small, and they have selfected no transactions. Corn meal is nominally hold at \$450, though less would be taken.
GRAIN—The demand for Wheat is not quite so active, and prices have receded a shade. Sales of 2,000 bushels prime Pa. red at 153 a \$155. Good to prime Md. red will bring 140 to \$153. Md. white Corn is held at \$0, and yellow at 90 a 91. A sale of 2,000 bushels Pa. yellow at 91 a \$2 cents. Oats 43 cents; Rys 80 cents; Cloverseed 4 a \$45 cents; have seed 4 a \$45 cents. We quote Lard nominally at 91 cts for bbls and 10 for kegs. WHISKEY—Eales at 284 a 294 in hidds and bbls. Centra Manker.—The following prices ruled at this market on Saturday inorning:—Print Butter, (scarce and high.) selling at 37s a 62tc. per ib.; hump do. \$5 a 37sc. per 10; yeagetables at usual rates; best beef cuts 10 a 14c.; yeal 10c.; mutton 9c; pork 10c; young chickams 37sc each—\$45 per dozen. The fish market was very fine—Shad 25 a 40c per pair; herrings \$1 per hundred; hard crabs 25c per dozen.

TRADE AND BUSINESS.

TRADE-AND BUSINESS.

At New York, on Monday, Flour was selling at 7 75 a \$3. 600 bbls Corn meal sold at \$4 50. Corn is not pletty; 3,000 bushels sold at 90 a 97 cts.

At Philadelphia, on Monday, Flour sold at 6 87i a \$6 90. Corn meal \$4 25. 10,000 bushels good Penna. red Wheat at \$1 55; white \$1 60. Corn 90 cts.

MARKETED

On Thursday morning 22d inst., in the Episcopal Church in this town, by the Rev. Dr. Alexander Jones, NORMAN MILLER, Eq., of Martineburg, to Miss Julia B. Briscoe, daughter of Maj. Thomas Briscoe of this

On the 5th instant, by the Rev. James Walls, Mr. WM. LOCKMILLER to Miss DOROTHY CONNOR, both of Fred-

On the Sti Instant, of the Rev. James Walls, Air. W.
LOCKHILLER to Miss DOROTHY CONNOR, both of Frederick county.

On Tuesday afternoon, the 20th inst., by the Rev. James B. Donclan, I. C. BROWNE to CLARA V., daughter of Geo. Mattingly, Esq., all of Washington city.

On Friday last, by the Rev. Mr. Bragonier, Mr. EMAN-UEL STALER, of Jefferson County, to Miss ANN RESECTATABLER, of Berkeley County.

On Wednesday, 21st inst., on the Bridge at Harperserry, by the Rev. Mr. Douglass, Mr. Christian O. Glassford, of this county, to Miss Mary Bonecutter, of Frederick county.

In Elizabethtown, Kentucky, on Tuesday the 13th instant, by the Rev. W. S. Evans, Dr. James W. Crutolier to Miss Mary L. Wintersmith, daughter of Mr. Charles G. Wintersmith, formerly of Jefferson county, Va.

On the 22d inst., at the residence of her father, David Gibson, in Hampshire county, Va., by the Rev. Wm. H. Foote, James K. Girson, Esq., to Miss Mary Jane Gisson, of Abingdon, Va.

DIED.

On Tuesday, the 20th inst., Mrs. Ann RESECCA Bowen, wife of Mr. Hiram Bowen of Martinsburg, in the 3th year of her age.

Departed this sublunary sphere on the morning of

Thursday, the 1st inst, at his residence in Hedgesville, Berkeley County, Mr. John Silen, aged about 67 years On Friday morning. April 16th, James Hiram, only child of Wm. M. and Mary Jane Taylor, of Winchester,

aged 7 months. Red Mark. Mrs. Acsau Davis, con-on Wednesday the 21st inst., Mrs. Acsau Davis, con-sort of the late Leonard Davis of this county, about 67

sort of the late Leonard Davis of this county, about 67 years of age.

In Berryville, on Sunday the 18th instant, Mr. Thomas Y. Mitchell, aged 26 years. Mr. M. was a member of the Baptist Church, and attached to the Masonic order, by whom he was interred.

order, by whom he was interred.

At Barnaville, Ohio, on Friday the 9th inst., Mrs. ELLEN H. DAVENPORT, in the 27th year of her age, consort of Mr. John A. Davenport of that place, and daughter of the late Col. Benjamin Davenport of this county.

At the residence of Mrs. Elizabeth 'T. Davenport in
this place, on Friday morning the 16th inst., Miss JANE
M. CARSON, aged about 75 years.

# Miscellaneous Notices.

20 The Wickliffe Debating Society will meet on Friday the 7th of May at 7 o'clock, P. M. The question for discussion—is it right, expedient and practicable, to establish common Schools for primary Education upon the taxable property of the State.
W. A. CASTLEMAN, Pres't pro. tem.
J. J. WILLIAMS, See'y pro. tem.

307 The Pastor of the Reformed Church of Middle-way (the Rev. Mr. Williamp,) will preach on Sabbath norning next, at 11 o'clock. April 30.

Religious Notice. By Divine permission, the first Quarterly Meeting for the Harper's Ferry Station, will be held in the Methodist Protestant Church, commencing Saturday, May 1st.— Several Ministers are expected to be in attendance. April 30, 1847.

April 30, 1847. NOTICE. By Divine permission, the Lord's Supper will be administered in the Presbyterian Church at Harpers-Ferry, on the 1st Sabath in May.

Rev. T. V. Moore of Greencastle, Pa., will preach in said Church, on Friday and Saturday evening's preceeding, and on Sabbath morning at 11 o'clock. April 23.

pinion and experience of the Editor of the Richmond

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY

Is constantly advertised in our columns. We feel bound
to say that we put little faith generally in specifics and
nostrums—much less in your cure-alls. But a familiar
use of this medicine for six or seven years past—during,
which time the editor who writes this has at intervals
suffered with acute asthma, and he writing not so much
for the benefit of the proprietors, as for that of those who
are afflicted with that distressing disease; takes pleasure
in saying that he has invariably found it beneficial to
him and in every case where it has been used promptly
at the first indication of an attack, with entire and
prompt relief. From having also observed it tried by
others, he is of opinion that it is worthy of the confidence
of the public.

None genuine, unless signed by I. BUTTS on the

None genuine, unless signed by I. BUTTS on the 3 A fresh supply of the above Balsam, on hand and for sale by J. H. BEARD, Charlestown.

New Goods.

WE have just returned from New York, Phila-delphia, and Baltimore with a new and 

and Steel Spectacles, to suit all ages; Pearl, Ebony, Tortoise and French Card cases. Castors from \$1 50 to \$15 00.

tock of Fans of every variety and pattern, from 61 cents to 82 50. Perfumery .- Of every kind and price.

Ill in want of any of the above goods would find it to their advantage to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere. April 30. C. G. STEWART & SON.

Regimental Orders.

BY order of Lt. Col. Commandant F. YATES, the Training of the Officers of the 55th Regiment V. M. will commence in Charlestown on Wednesday the 12th of May next, and con-

tinue three days.

The Regiment is ordered to parade in Charlestown on Saturday the 15th of May. The line will be formed at 11 o'clock. The Commandants of Companies are ordered to report to the Adju-

tant on the first day of the training,

the strength of their respective comwill make a report to the Adjutant of the numbe and condition of the public arms, &c., that are in the possession of those Companies JOHN REED, Adj't.

April 30,1847. SALAD OIL, AND PORTER, for sale by April 80. GIBSON & HARRIS. MANTUA-MAKING.

MISS MARY ANN DOWNS respectfully makes known to her friends and the Ladies generally, that she has just received the Spring Fashions for making dresses, and is prepared to execute work with despatch and in a neat and dut

rable manner.
She returns her thanks to the ladies for th liberal patronage heretofore conferred upon her, and she pledges herself to deserve a continuance of favors. Charlestown, April 30, 1847—3t.

Fashionable Spring Hats,

AT THE SIGN OF THE GOLDEN HAT.

THE subscriber has purchased his supply of Eastern made HATS, and invites his riends and customers to call and examine. They nave been selected with care, and are of the latest Beebee and Gaster Fashion.
Guyaquil and Leghorn Hats will be bleached

and done up in the neatest manner.

JOHN DONAVIN.

Charlestown, April 80, 1847—3t.

DFRESH ALE, glways on band and for sale at the Sign of the Golden Hot.

TO THE LADIES.

THE subscriber, thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to him, would respectfully inform his customers and the public generally, and the Ladies in particular, that he has just received from Philadelphia, a good supply of the finest materials for Ladies Shoes, consisting of superior black Kid, black, bronse and fair Morocco, and fancy colored Lastings, for Gaiters; all carefully selected, and will be made up to order in the best manner and at the shortest notice. He will also keep constantly on hand a good supply of Ladies and Children's Shoes. His prices are as cheap as the cheapest. Ladies Sipers from 50 cents to \$1 25. Terms, CASH.

LORAIN MORSE.

Miller's Row, Charlestown, April 30, 1847—1m. pers from 50 cents to \$1 25.

NEW GOODS.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform the public that he is now receiving a choice selection of Spring and Summer Goods, which will for all kinds of Country Produce.

JOHN T. LITTLE.

Shepherdstown, April 30, 1847-2m.

New Spring Goods.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has received and opened his Spring Goods.
Summit Point, WM. R. SEEVERS. Summit Point, April 30, 1847.

> NEW SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

WILLIAM G. SHIPLEY & CO., would most respectfully inform their friends and the public generally, that they have just received and have for sale at Duffield's Depot and the Elk Branch store, a most splendid assortment of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS. Which they are determined to sell for cash and country produce, at such prices as cannot fail to

please purchasers.

As they keep on hand a large and general assortment of every thing usually found in a country store, and possess great facilities of gelting any that they have not on hand, at the shortest possible notice, they deem it unnecessary to enu-merate the articles, feeling assured that all per-sons in the neighborhood, and even from a distance, will find it greatly to their advantage to call and examine their stock of Goods before pur-

chasing elsewhere.

They most respectfully solicit a liberal share

They most respectfully solicit a normal source of the public patronage.

WM. G. SHIPLEY & CO.

Duffield's Depot, April 30, 1847—3t.

N. II. Just received and for sale a large supply of PLASTER in the store.

A NN R. GRAIG respectfully informs the La-A dies of Charlestown and vicinity, that she has received the Latest Spring and Summer Fashions, and is prepared to make and trim both

Spring and Summer Fashions.

Plain and Fancy Bonnets. Plain and Fancy Bonnets,
In a style that cannot fail to please. Thankful to her kind friends for patronage heretofore extended, she hopes by strict attention to merit a continuance of the same, and trusts she may have many new patrons added to the number. Every description of Bonnets, such as Braid, Straw, Gimp, and Neapolitan, will be bleached in the peatest of the same and a versed in the peatest. most improved style, and pressed in the neatest Colored and white cambrics, ginghams, do manner, by an improved patent pressing machine. She will color them black when desired.

Charlestown, April 30, 1847-3t. Great Bargains Offered.

T' is not so very strange, but yet it is true, that persons will invariably purchase Merchandise, &c., of those who sell the cheapest and best articles. Therefore the subscriber, feeling confident that he can and will sell as low as any Merchant in the Valley, would respectfully invite his friends and the citizens of Harpers-Ferry generally, to give him a call, and he will show them a splendid

assortment of Groceries, Tin-ware, Queens-ware, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Drugs, Oils and Dye-stuffs. Also-STAPLE DRY GOODS, BACON

AND FISH. He expects to have continually on hand after few days, the very best brands of FLOUR, together with Horse Feed, and indeed any and every article necessary for food or raiment, in the staple

UT Just call round the corner by Stephens & Wells' Clothing Store, and nearly opposite Abell's Hotel, at the sign of CORRAD & BROTHER, and all shall be O. K. F. J. CONRAD.

Harpers-Ferry, April 30, 1847—6m.

N. B.—I am the authorized agent for the sale of Norris' Tonic, the best medicine for the cure

of Ague and Fever now extant. F. J. C. Tannery for Rent.

THE Tanyard in Smithfield, lately occupied by Wm. Leathers, is for rent, for a term of years. The tools and a good stock of Bark on hand, can no doubt be purchased of the Trustees of Mr. Leathers, upon reasonable terms. Those wishing to rent will please apply to Mr. Thomas H. Willis, my agent.
MILDRED C. TIMBERLAKE,

April 30, 1847-3t. Guardian

French Fancy Goods. JUST received, from New York and Philadel phia, a rich assertment of elegant fancy arti-Handsome Bead-worked Reticules and Purses,

Fancy Boxes of all kinds,

Bag and Purse Trimmings,

Extracts and Perfumery of all kinds, Perforated Bristol Board, Slipper Patterns, Splendid Fans, from 121 cts. to \$5, Purse Twist. Together with a great variety of new and ele gant goods too numerous to mention. The La-dies will please call and look at them.

April 30. MILLER & BROTHER. Straw Matting. WHITE and colored Straw Matting, just re

April 30, 1847. CRANE & SADLER. Books and Stationary. A LL of the most approved School Books. Also, a great number of Miscellaneous Works, and many new publications of the day.

Paper, Ink, Quills, Pens, Sand, Slates, &c. April 30. MILLER & BRO. TABLE Mats and Napkins for sale by April 30, 1847. CRANE & SADLER.

G RASS Merino and Corded Skirts for sale by April 30. CRANE & SADLER.

R. S. LITTEJOHN,

HARPERS-FERRY, VIRGINIA. HAS just opened in the store room over the corner of High and Shenandoah arcets, an entirely new, fashionable and well selected

Stock of Merchandize, Consisting in part of Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware, Hats, Caps, Bornets, &c. &c., which will be sold as low as they can be bought in the county. A call from my old friends, and the citizens of Harpers-Ferry, and the country generally, is solicited before purchasing elsewhere. Domestic Cottons at city prices.

In addition to the above, the basement of his store room is appropriated to the use of Capt. J. Gibson, where will be found for sale, at his usual low prices, Herring, Shad, Salt, Plaster, Tar, and all other articles in his line in their reason.

R. S. Littleiohn is duly authorized to get as

R. S. Littlejohn is duly authorized to act as agent for me in my absence; all orders will be promptly attended to. JOHN GIBSON. April 30, 1847-6m.

## FURNITURE DEPOT

At Harpers-Ferry.

THE undersigned has the pleasure to announce to the public that he has for sale, a large assortmout of

BEAUTIFUL FURNITURE. Such as Sofas, Bureaus, Tables, Chairs, Mattresses, Bedsteads, Looking Glasses, &c. all of which he will soll at very reduced prices. These articles are manufactured in Alexandria, of the best materials, and in the best manner, with the aid of machinery, and under such favorable circumstances as enables him to assure the public that they are better and handsomer, and will be sold cheaper, than any made in this quarter of the country.

Those who have been in the habit of supplying Those who have been in the habit of supplying themselves from the Alexandria establishment are particularly invited to call and see the arti-

cles now offered.

Call and examine before you purchase cless

UT UNDERTAKING, and Repairing of all kinds of Furniture, attended to promptly.

JOHN R. ZIMMERMAN.

Harpers-Ferry, April 30, 1847—6m.

DIX'S COLUMBIA HOUSE, South Charles Street, opposite German Street, BALTIMORE, MD.

THIS HOUSE being located in the immediate vicinity of the Railroad Depot makes it a desirable Situation for Travellers.

Terms per day \$1,25 cts.

April 23, 1847—6m.

PUBLIC SALE.

MII.L offer at Public Sule, on Thursday Me 6th day of May, 1847, at the late residence of Samuel Moore, dec'd, the following personal property, belonging to the Estate of the said Moore:
A number of work Horses and Colts,

A number of work Horses and Colts, Cattle, Sheep and Hogs, One strong Wagon and Bed, Ploughs and Harrows, One Cart and Roller, Wagon and Plough Gears, One Four Horse Threshing Machine,

1 Barouche, 6,000 Brick. A lot of Plank. Lathes and Scantling,

200 Bushels Outs,

8 or 10 Tons of Timothy Hay, Household and Kitchen Furniture.

of every variety.

Terms of Sale.—A credit of nine months will be given on all sums of \$5 and upwards, (except the Corn and Oats.) the purchaser giving bond and approved security, before the property is removed from the premises. For sums under \$5 the cash will be required.
On the Corn and Oats, a credit of sixty days

will be given. Sale to commence early in the day.

JAMES BURR, Jr., Adm'r
April 23, 1847. of Samuel Moore, dec'd.

NEW GOODS. TRIIE undersigned has just opened a new and splendid assortment of Goods purchased in Philadelphia and Baltimore, which will be sold at

Jacouets, figured and lace muslins, edgings, Brown lineus, drillings and Holland, Silk fringes, brocade and other buttons, Worsted serge, tweeds of different mixtures,

Carpeting, satinets, Kentucky jeans, Cloths, Cassimeres, Brown and bleached muslins, and sheetings, A general assortment of Groceries, crockery and hardware. M. D. Harpera-Ferry, April 23, 1847-4t.

Bark Wanted. I WISH to purchase 250 to 300 Cond. Will give Oak and Black Oak Bark, for which I will give a fair price.

SAMUEL RIDENOUR.

Charlestown, April 23, 1847-8t. Dress Goods, Shawls, &c. WE have just received a new and beautiful assortment of Dress Goods, Shawls, Scarts, &c., of the latest and most fashionable styles; embracing in part: Rich Silk Berages, Swiss Robes, French Lawns, Gingham Lawns, Black and colored Silks, Foulard and Tissue, do. (a new and beautiful article,) also Embroidered Crapes, and Berage Shawls, Silk Neck Ties, &c., with a good assortment of Mourning Goods of every kind,

to which we invite the attention of the Ladies.

April 22, 1847. CRANE & SADLER. Cheapest Cloths.

W E are now receiving a supply of the cheap-est Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, we ever saw, by at least 25 per cent. Also, every material for gentlemen's Summer Coats and wear generally. We hope those who wish these kinds of goods will give us a call before they buy. MILLER & BROTHER April 23.

Cloths, Cassimeres, &c. CLOTHS, Cassimeres, French, Tweeds, Cash-maret, Normandy Cloth, a new article for Summer Coats, Vestings, Drillings, Linens, Cottonades, Checks, &c., all new and the latest patterns, for sale by April 23. CRANE & SADLER.

Fashionable Hats. SUPERB Beaver, Tampico, Monterey, Straw, Palm Leaf and Wool Hate, for sale by

April 23, 1847. CRANE & SADLER. Bonnets, Bonnets.

EVERY variety and style, from 75c to \$10, instructived from Philadelphia. Also, splendid Ribbands, Flowers, &c., just received.

April 23. MILLER & BROTHER.

CURTAINS.—Several pieces beautiful Curtain Muelins, extra styles.

April 23, 1847, E. M. AISQUÍTH:

THE Ladies will find Cout's, superior spool Cotton for sale at April 23, 1847, E. M. AISQUITH'S. HOUSE KEEPERS will find at the subscri-fortable housekeeping. Amongst them will be found new style Churns, Tea Cheeta, Servant Bells, Knives and Forks, Tea Sett, Dinner ware, &c., all of new style and heautiful partern. April 16, 1847. E. M. AlsQUITH.

BLANKS, OF ALL KINDS, FOR SALE

From Joy's most dazzling cup I'd turn, From Love's most rapturous dreams I'd fly, From hopes that all-bewildering burn, Submissive to my mother's sigh!

The stern reproof of harsher hearts— The bitter tone—the angry eye— But coldness to the soul imparts, 'That softens to—my mother's sigh! On when unjust Oppression filled,
With fire, my passionate ficart and eye,
The storm was in a moment stilled,
For oh! I heard my mother's sigh!

I heard it rather with my HEART,
Than EAR—so faint it trembled by!
Ah! not till with my life I part,
Can I forget my mother's sigh.

# Variety.

Scan Mag.—The following shameful bit of scandal is related to the Cincinnati Gazette, by a

friend who declares it is authentic:
"My dear," said Mrs. Dalrymple to her gay
young husband, after he had retired to rest, early one morning, "why is it that Mr. Brown, who is in the same business that you are, passes all his evenings at home, while you are hallucinating about town till past midnight?" "Why my sweet rose, the cause is, Brown is not married!"

A Big Sixpense .- A late municipal judge, in Boston, as famous for his ready wit as his lowness of stature, was one day walking with five or six gentlemen of unusual height.

"Well, Judge, how do you feel, walking with so many tall fellows?" said one of them. "How do I feel?" said the Judge, "why I feel like a sixpence among six cents.

PERFECTIONS OF A BARBER.-To have a clean and comfortable shop-prime razors-clean fingers-a good breath-a light and expert hand-a quiet tongue—a fixed eye—a closed ear—easy chairs—nice towels—pure water, and basins sound mirrors-soap, not stone-serviceable brushes-choice perfumery-the best newspapers -and respectable customers.

AGONISING ELOQUENCE .- "Twas twilight. The sun had sunk behind the western hills, and the bright rays which streaked the eastern horizon had disappeared. A lovely female, who had been but one short week a bride, and had been led to the Hymenial altar with lively anticipations of of future felicity, sat in a secluded apartment with her husband. She slowly moved her sylphlike form nearer to the partner of her bosom-raised her delicate hand, and-stapped his face

An unfortunate Hibernian, ruminating in his bliss upon the banks of a Southern creek, espied "Och, honey, that ever I should come to Ameri-

ca to see a snuff box walk." "Whist! don't be after making fur of the birds," said his wife.

The color now worn by the belles of fashion in Paris is amaranth—a clear light purple—which was introduced by the dutches of Montpensier, who, at the last reception at the Tueleries, wore a robe of amaranth colored satin, with three flounces of Brussels lace-her waist, shoulders and head being, meantime, radiant with diamonds.

A citizen down east was dubbed " the little rascal!" A friend once volunteered to ask him why he was called "the little rascal!" "To distinguish me from my neighbors," said he, "who are all great rascals!"

A young woman alighting from a stage coach, a ribbon from her bonnet fell into the bottom o "You have left your bow behind," said a lady

"No, I haven't; he's gone a fishing," innocent ly rejoined the damsel.

"Father wasn't Alexander a hero!"

"Yes, my boy."
"Well, father, wasn't Miss'Alexander a she-ro?"
"Girl, take that boy to bed! Such depravity!"

CONUNDRUM.—Why is the doctrine of transmigration universally believed now by the people of the United States? Do you give it up?

It is because the spirit of General Washington has passed into that of General Taylor's.

In giving geography lessons, a school master down east asked a boy. "What state do you live in?" To which the boy drawled out through his "What state do you live nose in reply : " A state of six and MISERY!

Too LARGE LIMITS .- " Why don't you limit yourself?" said a physician to an intemperate person, "set down a stake that you will go so far and no farther." "So I do," said the toper, but set it so far off, that I always get drunk before I

CHEAP DENTISTRY .- A dentist was lately mak ing a speech in one of the interior counties...
"What do you ask for pulling a tooth, doctor?"
exclaimed a fellow in the crowd. "I will pull your tooth for a shilling, and your nose for half the money," replied the speaker.

IRISH REPARTEE .- "There, leave the entrenchment and go and tell your captain that you are the idlest rascal in the regiment." "Please your honor, you would not like to have me go with a lie in my mouth."

LIFE OF A GENTLEMAN .- He gets up leisurely breakfasts comfortably, reads the paper regularly dresses fashionably, eats a tart gravely, talks insipidly, dines considerably, drinks superfluously kills time indifferently, sups elegantly, goes to bed stupidly, and lives uselessly.

May it please your worships-While England is convulsed in civil discord, and her empires tremble with internal commotion; and while her astronomers mount the wings of their imaginations, and soar through the etherial world, pursuing their course from planet to planet, and from system to system, until they have explored the vast eternity of space—let us direct our attention to a road more immediately in our neighborhood.

Why are Gens. Taylor and Santa Anna, like a blacksmith and his Bellows? Because—one "blows" and the other "strikes."

A drunken laborer, recovering from a dangerous illness, was asked whether he had not been afraid of meeting his God. 'No,' said the poor pagan christian, I was only afeer'd o' t'other chap!

A SWARM OF BEES .- Be quiet. Be active .-Be patient. Be humble. Be prayerful. Be watchful. Be hopeful. Be loving. Be gentle. Be merciful. Be gracious. Be just. Be upwright. Be kind. Be simple. Be Diligent.—
Be lovely. Be long suffering. Be not faithless, but believing, and the grace of God be with you.

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,
which have been purchased in Philadelphia and Baltimore, and selected with great care. We respectfully ask our friends and the public generally, to call and examine them. They comprise the newest styles of the season; all of which we promise to sell upon the most accommodating

"Pa, ins't that man in what is called the spring time of life ?"

Why, my son?'
'Cause he looks so very green.'

A little girl asked her sister "what was chaos, that papa reads about?" The older child replied, "why it is a great pile of nothing and no place to put it in."

H.—Five of the sweetest words in our language begin with H, which is only a breath; Heart; Hope, Home, Rappiness, and Heaven.—Heart is a hope-place, and Home is a heart-place; and that man sadly mistakes, who would exchange the happiness of home for any thing, less than heaven.

ANCE'S SARSAPARILL'A, OR BLOOD

BT WHAT IS THAT PRINCIPLE WHICH WE CALL THE BLOOD? THE BLOOD IS THAT PRINCIPLE BY WHICH THE WHOLE SYSTEM IS REGULATED. Therefore, if the blood be-

comes impure, a general derangement of the system must ensue; and give rise to Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Dyspensia, Dropsy, Headacke, Fullness of Blood, Bilious, Scarlet, Typhod and Typhus Fevers, of all kinds, Indigestion, Weakness of Stomach, Rheumatism and Rheumalweakness of Stomach, Rheumaitsmann Rheumaite ic Affection, Nervous Affections, Liver Complaint, Asthma, Pleurisy, Inflamation of the Lungs, Low Spirits, Fits, Measles, Small Pox, Whooping Cough, Croup, Sore Eyes, Inward weakness, Worms, Quinzy, Bronchitis, Cholic, Dysentery, Gravel, Salt Rheum, Deafness and other affections of the Ear, St. Anthouy's Fire, Scrofula or King's Evil, Ulcers, White Swellings, Tumors, Biles, Suppressed Monthly Discharges and Female Complaints in general, Eruptions of the Skin, Habitual Costiveness, and all diseases depending on a disordered and diseased state of the blood, or a suspension of the healthy secretions.

Therefore on the first appearance of any of these

HANCE'S SARSAPARILLÁ, OR BLOOD PILLS should be procured, and used according to the di-rections. PRICE 25 CENTS per Box of FIFTY PILLS, or FIVE BOXES for ONE DOLLAR. For sale by SETH S. HANCE, Corner of Chas. and Pratt streets, and 108 Baltimore street.

FURTHER PROOFS OF THE EFFICACY OF HANCE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF HOARHOUND IN RELIEVING AFFLICTED MAN!

MR. GEORGE T. WARRINGTON, residing in York street, Federal Hill, Baltimore, was attacked with a violent cough and sore throat, after trying many remedies, was induced by a friend to use Hance' Compound Syrup of Hoarhound, and before using one bottle was entirely cured.

ANOTHER, yet MORE ASTONISHING. MRS. HENRIETTA MERRICK, residing in Monument street, between Canal and Eden streets, was attacked with a very severe Cough and Pain in the Breast, which was so intense, that it extended to the shoulders. She was afflicted also with a pain in the side.

After trying many remedies, she was persuaded by a friend to use HANCE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF HOARHOUND, and after using three doses, she experienced great relief, and before she had finished the bottle, was entirely cured. PRICE 50 Cents per bottle, or 6 bottles for

For Sale by SETH S. HANCE, 108 Baltimore st., and corner of Charles and Pratt streets Balti-For sale by J. P. BROWN, Charlestown, JOSEPH ENTLER, Shepherdstown, A. M. CRIDLER, Harpers-Ferry; and DORSEY & BOWLEY, Winchester.

## Latest News from Mexico! SPRING FASHIONS.

H. KINNINGHAM respectfully congratu lates his friends and the public generally. upon the recent glorious victories of the American Arms in Mexico, and at the same time assures hem of the fact that he has received the SPRING FASHIONS with full explanations and directions and is prepared to cut and make up all kinds of garments in the most tasteful and fashionable

Thankful for past favors he earnestly solicits a continuance of his old customers, and hopes by his untiring endeavors to please, to add many new

The public's humble servant, J. H. KINNINGHAM. N. B. All kinds of country produce taken in ayment for work at market prices. J. H. K.

Charlestown, April 2, 1847-3m. Bonnets, Bonnet Ribbons and

ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS. WE have on hand a large assortment of Bon-W nets, viz: Tamels, Neapolitan, Verona Highland fling, Bird Eye and Black straw for mourning, Ribbons of the latest styles, French

Artificial Flowers, &c.

April 23. CRANE & SADLER. To the Ladies of Jefferson.

JUST FROM NEW YORK. WE have the pleasure of informing the Ladies VV of Charlestown and Jefferson county, that we are receiving decidedly the most splendid and general supply of fashionable goods ever offered in the Valley. Having with the greatest care se-lected them in New York, we feel confident that no one can be disappointed. We hardly deem it necessary to enumerate, as our stock is so complete as to meet the wishes of all. We would most politely ask a call from every lady, as it affords us pleasure to show our goods whether they wish to buy or not. They will be compensated for the trouble by an examination.

### MILLER & BROTHER. NEW GOODS.

HE subscribers are now receiving an un L usually large assortment of DRY Goods GROCERIES, &c., which they will be pleased to show to their customers and the public generally April 16. GIBSON & HARRIS.

Dry Goods and Groceries.

THO. THOMAS has the pleasure of informing his friends and the public, that he has just received from the Eastern Cities, a large and elegant stock of Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods. comprising in part, the following: French and English Cloths, all colors, Black and Fancy Cassimeres, Satin, Valencia and Marseills Vesting, Balzarines, Lawns and Ginghams,
Fancy Plaids, Muslin de Lanes and Alpaccas, Fringes, Laces, Lace Muslins, Curtain Muslins, Edgings, Gloves, Hosiery, Bandana Hdkis.,

Damask and Pongee, do. Super Black Italian Cravats, French, English and American Prints, Canvass Drillings, Farmers do. Cottonades for Pants, all qualities and colors; Rio Grande and Monterey Plaids, Taylor's Stripes and Mexican plaids,

Checks, Penitentiary plaids, and Bed Tickings, A large and general assortment of Brown and Bleached cottons. Hardware, Queensware, Boots Shoes, Hats, &c. &c.; all of which will be sold extremely low for cash, or to punctual dealers or

a short credit. Halltown, April 16, 1847. N. B. All kinds of produce taken in exchange for Goods. T. T.

New Spring and Summer Goods.

THE subscribers are receiving this week SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

MILLER & BRO. April 16, 1847.

Fresh Spring Goods.

CRANE AND SADLER, are now receiving their stock of Spring and Summer Goods, such as Dry Goods, Groceries, Queens-ware, and Hardware, to which they respectfully invite their customers and the public generally, to call and examine,

April 16, 1847.

New Spring Goods.

THE subscriber is now opening his Spring Goods, comprising all the various styles of new and elegant goods, to which he invites the attention of his friends and customers.

April 16, 1847.

E. M. AISQUITH.

4-4 Os. cottons, \( \frac{3}{4} \) do.,

Brown and Bleached Cottons,

No. 1, 2 and 3 Burlaps Linens.

Charlestown, April 16, 1847.

CITY TRADE

NEW HARDWARE STORE.

THE undersigned having associated themselves for the prosecution of the Hardware Business, are prepared to offer their friends and all who may call on them an Entire New Stock, which has been selected with the greatest care, from the European and American Manufacturers. Our Stock, in part, comprises the following ar

ticles, viz : Knives, Scissors, Needles, Razors, Saws, Axes Knives, Scissors, Needles, Razors, Saws, Axes, Files, Locks, Hinges, Bolts, Screws, Guns, Curtain Bands, Tea Trays, Fire Irons, Cast Pots, Ovens, Kettles, Spades, Shovels, Scythes, Rakes, Forks, Chains, Nails, Iron, Steel, Tin, Wire, Copper, Zinc, Lead, Lead Pipe, Pumps, Hydraulic Rams, &c.; Stoves, Grates, Anvils, Vices, Bellows, Harness and Saddlery Mountings; Eliptic Springs and Axles, varranted; Patent Leather, Painted Cloth, Coach Lace, Lamps, Hubs, Bows, Hubsbands, Mallable Castings, and all Goods Hub-bands, Mallable Castings, and all Goods usually kept in Hardware Stores, which we offer wholesale and retail at our new Granite front Ware-houses, sign of the Gilt Plane, at the South-east corner of Bridge and High streets. Entrance, first door from the corner in either street. MUNCASTER & DODGE.

Georgetown, D. C., March 5, 1847.

STEAM MARBLE WORKS, Ridge Road, above Spring Garden Street, PHILADELPHIA.

IN HIS establishment is erected on an improved I plan, and by the aid of Steam Power, manufactures all kinds of Marble Work in a superior style, and at the lowest prices for Cash.

The largest and best assortment of Marble Mantels ever offered to the public may be seen at ration; and from a dangerous and alarming sore

most tasteful designs and patterns, made of the finest and handsomest description of Italian Marble; Tiles for Flooring, importal ble; Tiles for Flooring, imported, and always on hand, and for sale at the most reasonable prices.

III Marble Cutters can be supplied at all times with any number of finished Mantels or Table Tops, at reduced wholesale prices; and the Trade will be furnished at the shortest notice with all will be furnished at the shortest notice with all kinds of Marble in the block, or cut to sizes for Monuments, &c. JOHN BAIRD, Ridge Road, above Spring Garden St. Philadelphia, Feb. 5, 1847.—\$5.

JAMES M. HAIG,

No. 133 Baltimore Street, Baltimore, SIGN OF THE GOLD TASSEL MPORTER and Manufacturer of Fringes, Tassels, Gimps, Odd Fellows' and Masonic Regalia, Flags, Banners, &c. Dealer in Buttons, Regalia, Flags, Banners, &c. Dealer in Buttons, and it effected a perfect cure. From delicacy Tailors' Trimmings, Cords, &c. Fancy Goods in I forhear to mention the name of the Druggis every variety, wholesale and retail.

T All orders promptly attended to.
Baltimore, Feb. 5, 1847—1y\*

LEWIS A. METTEE, MERCHANT TAILOR, NO. 13 LIGHT STREET,

Fogg's & Thurston's Fountain Hotel.) GENTLEMEN'S Garments made in a superior manner. Making, Cutting and Trimming done on reasonable terms, with neatness and despatch.

Baltimore, Feb. 5, 1847—6m.

FURNITURE, FURNITURE.



WM. ABELL tenders his thanks to the citizens of Harpers-Ferry and vicinity for the liberal patronage he has received since he has opened his Furniture Room. He would inform his friends, customers and the public generally, that he has removed his stock of Furniture from Mr. John G. Wilson's to the lower room of the Stone Building, three doors west of A. Holland & Co.'s store, where he intends keeping on hand an assortment of all descriptions, made in the most workman-like manner, which he is determined to sell as low as any can be bought in the Valley of Virginia. He would respectfully invite persons in want of Furniture, to call before purchasing elsewhere, as he flatters himself the style

be when sold. Harpers-Ferry, April 2, 1847-tf.

DR. SWAYNE'S Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry. THE GREAT REMEDY FOR

CONSUMPTION Colds, Coughs, Spitting of Blood, Bronchitis, Difficulty of Breathing, Asthma, Pain in the Side and Breast, Whooping Cough, Cruup, and all Disorders of the Liver, and Lungs, Broken Con-

stitution, &c., &c.

THIS "Celebrated Remedy" has now, by its intrinsic virtues, acquired a celebrity which can never be shaken by the many quack. "Nostrams" with which the country abounds. The public are fast learning that this is the only remedy that can be relied upon for the speedy and permanent cure of all Diseases of the Lungs. It is literally sweeping Consumption from the land; wherever it is introduced and becomes known, all others dwindle into insignificence. The public have been "humbugged" long enough, and now resort to a medicine which the testimony of the most eminent physicians in the land has placed beyond the reach of criticism. It requires no bolstering up, by publishing columns of forged crritificates—but it is enough to let the public know where it can be obtained, and one trial will convince all of its great efficiency in curing those distressing diseases above named, which have baffled the skill of the most learned practitioners for ages heretofore. stitution, de., de.

ractitioners for ages heretofore.

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY was the first preparation from that valuable tree which was ever introduced to the public, and ample proof is afforded of its success by the country being flooded with "Balsams," "Candies," and "Mixtures," of Wild Cherry, not one of which is prepared by a regular physician, although they have assumed the names of respectable physicians to give currency to the Nostrums." Therefore the public should be on the guard, and not have a worthless mixture palmed upon them for the original and genuine preparation, which is only prepared by DR. SWAYNE, N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

HENRY S. FORNEY, AGENT.

Shepherdstown, April 3, 1846—cow ly.

New Spring and Summer Goods. HAVE just returned from Baltimore and Philadelphia, and invite the public generally to call and examine my Stock, as I am confident it will compare, in point of style and low prices, with any brought to this market. I would invite the Ladies to the following in part:

Plaids, Parasolettes, Parasols;
Silk Tissue,—a beautiful article for dresses;
Ginghams; Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs;
Prints of every description;
Cotton Hosiery;

Cotton Hosiery; Bonnet, Cap and Neck Ribbands; Best French Kid Gloves; Striped Swiss for dresses ; Grass Skirts, and many other articles too numerous to mention

For the Gentlemen.

I would invite the Gentlemen to call and see my assortment of Superior black French Cloths, from \$5 to \$8 per yard, Black French Cassimeres, for Spring and Summer wear; Superior black Italian Cravats, Fancy do; Gambroons, plain, striped, and Duck;
Drilling for Pants; Suspenders;
Marseilles Vesting, Plain and Figured, and all other goods usually kept in a country Store.

E. S. TATE

Domestics.

BEWARE OF IMPOSITION.

MPOSITION having been practised upon the public by a spurious article bearing the name of "Judkins Ointment," the proprietor, C. Hers-rons, recommends the following communication: 'Some years back, Nathan Shepherd, informed the public in the newspapers, that he was the original discoverer of Judkin's Ointment, and had taken out a new patent thereon in his own name, having in the first instance assigned as a reason for so doing, "that many persons would try to make it, and would not be able, and the Ointment make it, and would not be able, and the Ointment
be propagated in this adulterated state, in some
degree resembling the genuine Ointment." As
complaints have been made repeatedly of this
being the case, to the subscriber, who is still legally concerned, it is due to the public that they
should be cautioned on this head.

C. HERSTONS. Here follows a few out of many instances, disclosing the fact :

BALTIMORE, January 10, 1846.

MR. C. HERSTONS: 1 have been using Shep-herd's P. S. Ointment in my practice for a num-ber of years, for sores of various descriptions and have no hesitation in appending my name to its value. GIDEON B. SMITH, M. D.

SHORT HILL, Loudonn County, Va., March, 1847.

MR. C. HERSTONS :- A daughter of mine wa cured of a vary bad sore leg, by Shepherd's Pa tent Specific Ointment. Judkins' Ointment, got ten from a neighboring store was applied firs t, but afforded no relief; the wound kept getting worse I then sent to Mr. Miller's, Lovettsville, and ob tained a pot of Shepherd's Patent Specific Oint ment. This so changed the appearance of the sore that it very quickly began its healing opethe Ware-Room, to which the attention of succeeded in making a perfect cure. So valu purchasers is respectfully invited.

BALTIMORE, October 23, 1844.

MR. C. HERSTONS: Last winter I received small wound in one of my feet. I sent to a Druggist for a pot of Judkin's Ointment, but unfortunately the article obtained was spurious. In using it my foot kept getting worse, until I be came incapable of attending to business—was confined to bed, and had to send for a Physician. Had I not got relief I might have been ruined .-Fortunately, however, a friend called to see me and brought with him a pot of Ointment which I find is prepared by you, now called Shepherd's Patent Specific Ointment. On applying the first plaster an alteration in a few hours took place the wound soon became in'a state of amendment from whom I bought the spurious Ointment, bu think the public ought to be made acquainted with the fact. The one I deem very valuable, the other ought to be discountenanced. E. C. THOMAS,

Market street, west of Pine.

From William McJilton, Esq., BALTIMORE, January 10, 1846.

Mr. C. Herstons: Although the reputation of Shepherd's Patent Specific Ointment has been so long sustained by the public, I feel it a duty to add again my approbation to its well carned meri--it ought not to be lost.

A grand-daughter of mine was bitten by a spider or other insect, which caused much inflamma tion and became a dangerous sore. Many salves were tried without relief. Finally, her mother applied to a physician, yet for three months it kep getting worse, until it extended from the knee to the ankle. At length I advised your Ointment -in two days a change took place, and in two weeks from that time a cure was completed. have used the Ointment you make upwards of conveyed to market at little expense, this estate twenty years, and never knew it fail. It is beyond a doubt worthy of countenance by the public. WM. McJILTON. For chilblain or frostbite it is a valuable remedy

Doctors Dresbach, Kuhn & Prvors Dyspeptic Cordial,

For Dyspensia, Sick Head-Ache, Sick-Stomach, Cramp Cholic, Rheumatism, Gc., Gc. Among hundreds of certificates, it is deemed Among nutures of certificates, it is deemed necessary only to offer the following:

From D. W. Naill, former member of the Legislature of Maryland.

Sams Creek, Frederick Co., Md., Aug. 26, 1842.

and quality cannot fail to please.

Any article sold by me, or my Agent, Mr. A. Herstons:—Dear Sir—Having suffered much during the spring of 1841 as I then informed you, with what I regarded as a dyspeptic condition of the stomach, and having procure a bottle of Drs. Dresbach, Kuhn & Pryors' Dys peptic Cordial at your instance, I have pleasure ire in informing you that from its use I was in ten days entirely relieved on that occasion. It has also been successfully used in the family for other purposes so that we are never without it - Hop. D. W. NAILL.

Senator of Maryland.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23, 1844. MR. C. HERSTONS :- Dyspepsia-This disease I had for some years to an alarming degree. Your Dyspeptic Cordial deserves more than a passing notice from me. My case was of the most dis tressing nature, and the conflict between my sto mach and food was often severe, the stomach loathing the food, and time after time throwing i up-frequently with pain. Add to this greatly depressed spirits, with debility, nerves weakened restless nights, frequent starting with unpleasant dreams. To describe my situation is difficult.—Physicians were consulted, varioss medicines tried, but nothing met my case until I met with your Ohio medicine, named Drs. Dresbach, Kuhn and Pryor's Dyspeptic Cordial. Soon after using it my disordered stomach became soothed. I continued the medicine-a perfect cure has been effected-my health is now good and has been for more than a year. I can now use any article of diet without any inconvenience. In my case this valuable medicine is incontestible. My case is well known to the Rev. Jas. M. Hanson, having been associated with him, in the same room, for some years in the General Post Office.

WM. S. DARRELL. I am fully convinced that the above statemen JAS. M. HANSON. correct. JAS. M. HANGE.

GJ-For sale, by J. P. BROWN, Ag't,
Charlestown. s correct.

Wheat and Corn Wanted. THE subscribers are anxious to purchase any

Seasonable. JUST received another lot of Garden and Corn Hoes, Spades, Rakes, Shovels, 3 and 4 prong Forks, Broad Axes, &c.

THOS. RAWLINS.

HARDWARE.—I will call the attention of the public to my large and cheap stock of Hardware, Locks, Hinges and Screws; Bridle Bitts, Sturrip Irons, Forks, Shovels, Spades, and everything else in the Hardware line, at very reduced prices.

E. M. AISQUITH. April 16, 1847.

April 2.

LINEN GOODS.—Splendid Napkins, Sheet-ing, Pillow-case Linen, Table Cloth and Ta-ble Diaper—all at about half the usual prices. E. M. AISQUITH.

CARPETING—A large stock of Three Ply and Ingrain, with splendid Rugs to match.

April 16.

E. M. AISQUITH.

Sept. 25, 1846—tf. [F. P. copy.]

ROCK COTTAGE FOR SALE.

THE beirs of the late Sarah Clark being desirous of going West, offer for sale the Farm on which they now reside, containing 110 Acres, 3 Roods and 32 Poles by accurate survey. As regards locality and fer-tility of soil, it is not to be excelled by any in the county of Jefferson, and perhaps no farm in the State is similarly situated in regard to water facili-ties. The fields are watered by running streams through each—there is a good Saw-mill on it, and in addition to this, there is fall sufficient for a flouring mill, woollen factory, distillery, or any kind of machinery that capitalists may desire. The stream is sufficiently strong at all seasons to turn any or all of the above mentioned works, and to any person desirous of investing capital in a small landed could be a few and because of the stream of the strea estate a favorable opportunity is offered. The farm is situated two and a half miles South of Charlestown. Letters addressed to B. F. CLARK,

March 5, 1847-3m. Lancaster Tribune is requested to copy three months for \$5 00, and send one copy of the paper to advertiser and the bill to this office for collection.

at the above named place, will receive attention.

LAW NOTICE.

A. J. O'BANNON,

AS removed his office to the one lately occupied by Lucas & Washington, over the east end of the Market house. Business entrusted to him in this or the adjoining counties, will, as heretofore, receive prompt and efficient attention. Charlestown, March 19, 1847-3m.

ESTRAY COLT.

STRAYED away from the subscribers residing two and a half miles from Shepherdstown about the 20th of December last, a bright bay COLT, one year old this Spring. He has a smal star in the forehead—no other marks recollected A liberal reward will be given to any one who wil return him to either of the undersigned.

ROBERT A. LUCAS,

March 19, 1847. JOHN LUCAS.

SAPPINGTON'S

THREE-STORY BRICK 選份管理基。 WHITE PORTICO IN FRONT, CHARLESTOWN, JEFFERSON COUNTY, VIRGINIA

Valuable Jefferson Land for Sale.

HE subscriber being desirous of removing the South, offers for sale his Valuable Landed Estate, situated three miles North West of Charlestown, (the seat of Justice for Jefferson county, Va.,)

within half a mile of the Winchester and Potomac Railroad, and the Smithfield and Harpers-Ferry Turnpike, and also within four Miles of Kerney's Depot, on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad,

· Containing 600 Acres. The Impromements consist of a commodious

DWELLING HOUSE, containing eleven rooms. The Out-buildings consist of a Smoke-house,

Negro Houses, Stabling, &c. There is a great variety of TRUET EDICED growing and yielding upon the Estate

besides every variety of Ornamental Trees growing in the yard.

The Dwelling commands a beautiful view of the Blue Ridge and North Mountains, and is very healthy, but few cases of sickness having ever occurred, arising from its local situation. The land is of the best limestone. From its location,—being convenient to all the improvements, so that all the produce raised upon the farm cun be easily

is one of the most desirable in the county.

This land can be divided into two farms, giving both wood and water to each. The subscriber respectfully invites a call from those desirous of purchasing land, as he is prepared to accept a price that would make the purchase a valuable investment, even as a speculation, to any disposed to engage in such an enterprise. To a gentleman of fortune, who desires a country residence, an opportunity is now offered

rarely to be met with. WM. T. WASHINGTON. Near Charlestown, Jefferson Co., Va., December 18, 1846.

Saddle and Harness Manufactory.

HE undersigned, thankful for past favors takes this method to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has made arrangements to be supplied with the best of Baltimore Leather, for the manufacture of all articles in his line. He will make to order and keep constantly on hand, Saddles of all kinds; Trunks large and small, of the most approved patterns; Wagon and Carriage Collars; Coach and Buggy Harness, Brass, Silver Collars; Coach and Buggy Harness, Brass, Silver and Japanned Mountings, Carpet Bags, Valices, Raw hide waggon whips, Riding Bridles; Bitts, from 12½ cents to \$3.00. Martingales, English worsted Girths, &c.

Having employed competent workmen and made arrangements to work none but the best of Leather in the manufacture of the above named articles. be invites all in want of articles in his line, to call and see for themselves.

Collars can be furnished to Sadlers or others at wholesale prices. D Repairing done at short notices.

JOHN BROOK. Jan. 29, 1847. Free Press Copy 3t.

J. GREGG GIBSON, M. D., R ESPECTFULLY offers his services to the public. He has become associated with Dr. J. J. H. Straith, so that he will always have the benefit of his instruction and counsel-unless professionally absent, he may be found at all hours at Dr. Straith's office. Jan. 22, 1847-3m.

CASH FOR NEGROES.

HE subscriber is anxious to purchase a large number of Negroes, of both sexes, sound and likely. Persons having Negroes to dispose of, will find it to their interest to give him a call be-fore selling, as he will pay the very highest cash

tinsburg, on the second Monday, and at Berryville on the fourth Monday in each month, and usually at his residence in Charlestown. All letters addressed to him will be promptly tended to. WILLIAM CROW. ttended to.

Charlestown, Nov. 20, 1846-tf.

WHO WANTS MONEY? GEORGE W. PEACHER has now open, and will continue during the present year, his Lottery Office, opposite the Harpers-Ferry Bridge, Washington county, Md. Tickets in any of the Lotteries drawn by D. Paine & Co., can be had on application either personally or by letter. All communications confidential. Prizes cashed on presentation of Tickets, and already has it been his good fortune. his good fortune to have sold at least one prize in every scheme drawn since the establishment of this office. The citizens of Jefferson and the ad-

joining counties will please bear in mind that there are "a few more left" whenever they may be disposed to try their luck.

1.7 Letters addressed to Harpers-Ferry, Postage paid, will be promptly attended to.

GEO. W. PEACHER,

Agent for D. Paine of Co., Managers. Jan. 8, 1847. " LAND FOR SALE. HAVE several fine TRACTS OF LAND in this county and in Berkeley, for sale at low prices and on most accommodating payments.

prices and on most accommodating payments.
H. ST. G. TUCKER.

The following gentlemen have kindly consented to act as Agents for our paper, and will forward money for subscriptions, &c., or receive any additional names to our list that can be procured. The present is a favorable time for advancing our enterprise, and we hope those who may feel an interest in its success, will give us their aid.

WM. J. STEPHENS, Harpers-Ferry;
John G. Wilson, do.
Soldmon Staley, Shepherdstown;
H. B. Miller, Elk Branch;
John Cook, Zion Chuch;
WM. Ronemous of John Hess, Union School House;
George E. Moore, Old Furmece;
John H. Smith of J. R. Redman, Smithfield;
Edwin A. Relly, Summit Point;
Dolphin Drew of S. Hefflenower, Kabletown;
Jacob Islen of J. M. Nicklin, Befryville;
WM. Timberlake, Dr. J. J. Janney, of J. O. Coyle,
Bricetown, Frederick County;
Henry F. Baker, Winchester;
Col. Wm. Harmison, Bath, Morgan County;
John H. Likens, Martinsburg;
George W. Bradfleld, Snickenville;
J. P. Megeath, Philomont, Loudoun county;
WM. A. Stephenson, Upperville, Fauquier county;
Silas Marmaduke, Hillsborough, Loudoun county;
George Gilbert, Romney, Hampshire county;
George Gilbert, Romney, Hampshire county;
Gabriel Jordan of W. Baer, Luray, Page County. WM. J. STEPHENS, Harpers-Ferry;

V. B. PALMER, whose offices are S. E. corner of Baltis more and Calvert streets, Baltimore; N. W. corner Third and Chesnut streets, Philadelphia; Tribune Baildings, New York, and No. 12 State Street. Boston, is the agent in those cities for the "Spirit oy Jefferson." He will receive and forward promptly, Subscriptions Advertisements, &c., and is fully authorized to receive payment for the same.

BALTIMORE TRADE.

Spring Fashions of Hats for 1847. J. L. McPHAIL, 132 Baltimore st., Detween Calvert and North streets, is prepared to furnish his customers and the public generally, the different styles of HATS for the coming season. He has just received, by direct importation, 6 cases of FRENCH HAT'S, of su-Baltimore, March 19, 1847.

Scales, Scales! Scales!!

Marden's Patent Improved Plat-form and Counter Scales. Manufactory Corner of South Charles and Balder-

ston Streets, Baltimore. A LL persons in want of Weighing Apparatus, that is desirable, correct and cheap, can be supplied at my establishment with promptness.— I warrant every article manufactured, equal, if not superior, to any others in this country, and at prices so low that every problems and be a supplied to the superior of the superio prices so low that every purchaser shall be satisfied. Beams and Platforms, from the heaviest tonnage to the most minute Gold and Assayer's Balance, always on hand. Country Merchants, &c., are particularly in-

their orders, which shall be attended to with despatch.

JESSE MARDEN. Baltimore, March 5, 1847-1y. CHARLES C. REINHARDT & CO., MANUFACTURERS OF

vited to call and examine for themselves, or send

Surgical and Dental Instruments. No. 8, Light St., Baltimore. TO their friends in the Valley of Virginia, they would say that they may still be found at their

old stand, ready to furnish them at the shortest notice, with any article in their line.

For the sale of their very celebrated Patent Glass Pad Trusses, (which was patented on the 24th September, 1844) in the Valley counties of Virginia, they have appointed Mr. JOHN H. BEARD, Charlestown, as Agent. It is admitted by ted by all scientific men, who have given these Trusses a trial, that nothing yet invented, approxi-

mates to them in point of utility.

Tr. Heard will forward orders for any artile in our line. A catalogue may be found at his Store, enumerating the great variety of instruments manufactured at their establishment, and the prices of the same.
C. C. REINHARDT & CO.
Baltimore, February 26, 1847—6m.

SAMSON CARISS. (LATE T. PALMER & Co.,) No. 140 BALTIMORE St., BALTIMORE. HAS on hand an extensive assortment of FANCY HARDWARE, to which, by arrivals from Europe, he is constan ditions, thereby having always in store, the greatest variety that can possibly be found in this line. All of which he is determined to sell wholesale or

Retail, on as good terms and as low as the same can be had in this or any other city.
His stock of Merchandise is in part as follows: Japanned Waiters; Traps; Bread, Cake and Card Baskets and Toilet Setts, of every size and form; Plated Waters; Castors; Candlesticks; Tea Setts; Cake and Fruit Baskets; Britannia Ware; Ivory and common Table Cutlery: Albata Dinner and Desert Forks, a new article; Brass. Iron Pierced Bronze and French Fenders, with Andirons and Tongs and Shovels, in setts, or pairs to match; Umbrella Stands; Curtain Bands; Chandeliers; Hall and Solar Lamps; Lustres; Girondoles; Fancy Tables and Fire Screens; French Porcelian; India China Toilet Setts, with an almost endless variety (too numerous to men-tion) of Fancy and Useful Housekeeping articles.

He has also the most extensive assortment of French & German Looking Glass Plates; Mahogany Frame and Toilet GLASSES, Portraitand Picture Frames, Bracket Pier Tables, Window Cornices; Rods and Rings, on hand, or by him manufactured to order, and sold as low as the same can be obtained at any establishment either in this city or elsewhere. He would here invite his friends and the public generally, (before purchasing,) to give him a call.

Baltimore, Sept. 25, 1846—1y.\*

New Piano Forte Ware Room. No. 151 Pratt St., adjoining the Railroad Depot,



He can be seen at the Berkeley Courts, at Mar-THE undersigned, having obtained the agency for the sale of BACON & RAVEN'S celebrated French action Pianos, of New York, now offers to the public a really superior instrument, which for beauty and durability of finish, brilliancy and richness of tone, cannot be surpassed .-Professors and amateurs who have as yet tried them, pronounce them the very best instruments

of the day.

The manufacturers being very extensively engaged in the Piano Forte business, are enabled to sell them much lower than the usual prices. Persons desirious of purchasing a real good Piano, and at the same time pay a very moderate price, are invited to call and examine these now on hand.

T. NEWTON KURTZ.

IT There can be had at all times, School Books, Stationery and Blank Account Books, of every description, REALLY CHEAF.

are invited to call and examine my Stock, which is now very large and complete.

T. N. K.

Baltimore, Sept. 26, 1846—19.

THE FRANKLIN HOUSE, No. 105 CHESTNUT STREET, Between Third and Fourth

D. K. MINOR, of New York, Proprietor.

Jas. M. Sanderson, of Phil'a.

Geo. P. Bursham, of Boston,

Sept. 25, 1846—1y.

BLUE MERCER AND LONG RED PO-April 9, 1847. J. H. BEARD